

The Chelsea Standard

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1909.

TEN PAGES

VOLUME 39. NO. 14

Nyal's Kidney Pills Are Good

A great many people suffer with backache every morning. They think they have lain in a cramped position, or else caught a little cold. More than likely its due to their kidneys. May not be serious at all, except as it tends to become chronic—then serious. The best thing to do is to take some good kidney medicine, such for instance as Nyal's Kidney Pills. They benefit the kidneys, help them cleanse the blood current from poisonous uric acid and do away with that backache quickly. Nyal's Stone Root Compound is good, too, if you prefer a liquid medicine. Come to our store when you want anything in drugs. We will give you good treatment.

Grocery Dept.

We sell "SEALSHIP" Oysters, all solid meats, not a drop of water has ever been added, no ice has ever touched them. They retain all the freshness and flavor of oysters just taken from the ocean beds.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

Why Buy Cheap Flour

When You Can Get Gold Medal at a Cheap Price?

We have only a few more barrels to sell out of a carload we received last week. Get in before the price advances. REMEMBER we are headquarters for feed of all kinds; also chicken bone and charcoal. Bran by the ton cheaper than it will be again this season. Give us a call.

HUMMEL BROS.

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED
TO TAKE IN

WHEAT

And also to do all kinds of

FEED GRINDING

at the

CHELSEA ROLLER MILLS.

Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co.

LAMPS

We have a nice new line to select from. All kinds—oil and electric.

CHINA AND CUT GLASS—See our china and cut glass. New goods arriving every day.

BOOKS—We have the finest line you ever saw. All kinds.

DOLLS—Our book department is complete and ready for your inspection.

DINNER SETS—See our new dinner sets and crockery of all kinds.

FURNITURE—We have a complete stock and will be pleased to show you all the latest things there are in furniture.

HARDWARE—We have it, of all kinds.

STOVES—A few good second-hand stoves, and some of the best base burners and heating stoves you ever saw. Cook stoves and ranges of all kinds.

WOVEN WIRE—Let us have that order for woven wire fence now.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE TREAT YOU RIGHT.

NOTES NOT GOOD.

Notes to Value of \$75,000 Thrown Out In Chelsea Savings Bank Matter.

Ann Arbor Times News: Three suits growing out of the financial transactions of F. P. Glazier during the time he conducted the savings bank at Chelsea, were brought to a sudden termination in the Washtenaw county circuit court Monday forenoon when Judge Kinne ordered the jury to return a verdict in favor of the defendants.

The amount involved in these suits was something like \$75,000 in three notes, one alleged to have been given by Mrs. Henrietta M. Glazier, another by Vera Glazier and still another by Harold Glazier. The suits were brought by W. W. Wedemeyer as receiver for the Chelsea Savings bank in an effort to recover interest on the amounts loaned.

After listening to the evidence for some time, Judge Kinne turned the case over to the jury with the instructions to find for the defendants. In the case of Mrs. Glazier, he took this action on the grounds that she was a married woman, and, as she had not received any benefit from the money obtained on the note, she was therefore not liable for it. The same ruling was also applied in the case of Vera Glazier, while in the case of Harold Glazier it was shown that he was a minor and did not benefit in the obtaining of the funds, therefore not liable for the amounts claimed as due.

The jury was out but a few moments when it returned a verdict in conformity with the order of the court.

The notes of Mrs. Glazier amounted to \$40,000 while those of the two children made up the balance of \$75,000. The notes of Mrs. Glazier were executed on different dates. The first one, for \$10,000, was given October 13, 1905, upon which was sought to recover interest amounting to \$937. The second note was for \$30,000, dated April 19, 1907, upon which interest to the amount of \$1,194.34 was alleged to be due. Both notes were executed to be payable after five years from date of issue.

Attorney Sawyer represented the defendants in these cases and when called upon for defense he cited the law which exempts a woman from liability for any funds negotiated for in event she is denied the use of the funds so obtained. In the case of Harold Glazier he cited the fact that he was a minor.

For More Safety.

Recently Railroad Commissioner Dickinson said: Ultimately, I believe the commission will have to ask for laws which will allow the commission or some other state authority to punish railway employees who are responsible for train wrecks, even though no one is injured. Carelessness is often the cause, and anyone who will not obey railway laws ought to be punished in many instances more severely than to simply lose his position as a means of protecting the traveling public. We are requiring the roads to report to the commission just what action is taken against employees who are responsible for train wrecks in order that we may determine how the railways view these accidents.

The railway commission has asked the general managers of all the steam and electric railways in the state to come to Lansing November 11 for a conference regarding certain phases of railway operation which the commission believes can be improved to enhance the safety of passengers on their trains.

Mrs. L. D. Loomis.

Mrs. L. D. Loomis died at the home of Mrs. Nora Notten, of Francisco, Monday, November 8, 1909, aged 70 years. The deceased was a former well known and respected resident of Chelsea. She is survived by her husband, one son, L. B. Lawrence, of Sharon, two daughters, Mrs. L. Allyn, of Washington, Mrs. R. B. Waltrous, and one brother, Charles Fish. The funeral was held from the Notten home Wednesday afternoon, Rev. Slaybaugh of Grass Lake, officiating. Interment Maple Grove cemetery, Sylvan Center.

John W. Vogel's Minstrels.

Prof. James L. Finning, the well known musical director, whose ability has gained for him many warm encores from musical critics throughout the country, has charge of the band with John W. Vogel's Big City Minstrels, which will be seen at the Sylvan theatre, Thursday evening, November 18. There will be a grand and imposing free street parade at noon and a band concert in front of the theatre in the evening.

CHELSEA BUSINESS MEN'S ASSOCIATION

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING WAS HELD TUESDAY EVENING.

BUSINESS MEN ARE PULLING TOGETHER

Another Meeting Will be Held Next Tuesday Evening at Firemen's Hall—Officers Will be Elected Then.

A very enthusiastic meeting was held at Firemen's hall Tuesday evening, for the purpose of organizing a Chelsea Business Men's Association, over forty of our business men being present.

Fred H. Belser was chosen temporary chairman and Howard S. Holmes secretary. The following committees were appointed:

Constitution and By-Laws—Fred H. Belser, George W. Beckwith, H. S. Holmes, Dr. J. T. Woods, Lewis P. Vogel and H. L. Stanton.

Membership—George P. Staffan, Edward Vogel and John Kalmbach.

Nominating Committee—Henry H. Fenn, L. T. Freeman, O. C. Burkhardt, William Bacon and Wm. P. Schenk.

Thirty-seven joined the Association at the meeting and over fifty have since become members. Everyone interested in the welfare of the village will be solicited to join. Mr. Belser explained the workings of the Ann Arbor Business Men's Association and H. L. Stanton gave a talk on the work and results accomplished by a like association in Lansing.

The best of feeling was manifested and everything possible will be done tending to the welfare and building up of Chelsea. The meeting adjourned until next week Tuesday to the same place and at the same hour, in order to give the committees a chance to perfect a working association. All citizens interested in the welfare of Chelsea, who were unable to attend the meeting should hand in their names to some member of the membership committee and come out to the adjourned meeting ready to boost.

Mikado Honors Dr. J. B. Angell.

Dr. James B. Angell, for forty years the chief executive officer of the University of Michigan, has just been honored by the emperor of Japan, who has conferred the decoration of the Imperial order of the Sacred Treasure upon him.

The decoration came last week, and the following letter from the Imperial Japanese embassy at Washington came a few days ago:

"I have the honor to inform you that his majesty, the emperor of Japan, has graciously been pleased to confer upon you the first class of the Imperial order of the Sacred Treasure in token of his high esteem to you as one of the foremost educators of the age, and also in recognition of the distinguished services rendered by you during the period of no less than 40 years as president of the University of Michigan, especially in the education of a number of our countrymen who have proved themselves extremely useful to Japan."

Japanese students at the university say this order is the highest within the power of the emperor to bestow, outside of the decorations it is possible to give to the soldiers of Japan. The Japanese students in Ann Arbor are delighted that their emperor has so honored Dr. Angell.

Birthday Celebration.



Wednesday evening, November 3d, the children of Mrs. Simon Weber, Jr., met at the home of her son, Simon, and assisted in the celebration of the 91st anniversary of her birth. A fine dinner was served to twenty-five and the evening was highly enjoyed by all. A number of useful presents were left with Grandma Weber as a remembrance of the occasion.

Geo. H. Foster & Son have contracts on hand for the erection of eight windmills. On Monday they made a contract with Thomas Ready, of Munith, to put down a tubular well, erect a windmill and do the plumbing in his residence. Mr. Foster claims that it is impossible to get the mills from the manufacturers as fast as he can use them.

SEVENTY TIMES MORE.

That is Rate of Increase in Cost of Running State.

The remarkable growth of the state of Michigan is indicated by figures obtainable in the auditor general's office. The first tax levy was spread in 1838 and aggregated \$85,906.85. This year the levy was \$5,929,719.74, about 69 times as much.

Since the state was organized it has cost a total of \$88,490,195.87 to maintain the state. The first raise in the levy was made in 1841 when it was raised to \$103,000. It then went back and forth, up and down the scale, and in 1860 was \$202,000. In 1861 when the war came the levy was jumped to \$464,000 and in 1865 it was more than half a million. From that time on it increased and in 1877 passed the million mark for the first time. Later it went below this, but since 1884 it has always been more than that. In 1895 it passed the three million mark, but later it dropped back to about \$2,000,000. Since then it has been gradually on the increase.

Mrs. Agnes McKune.

Miss Agnes Walsh was born in Sylvan, July 8, 1840, and died at her home in Chelsea, Wednesday morning, November 10, 1909.

The deceased was united in marriage with Timothy McKune, (who died July 13, 1909), March 4, 1867. She has been a highly respected resident of this place for the past forty years, and her many friends were pained to learn of her sudden demise.

She was the mother of four children, two sons surviving her, J. E. and Herbert McKune both residents of Chelsea, and two daughters, Mrs. Agnes Hayes, who passed away August 3, 1900, and Miss Mabel, who died in 1885, and is also survived by two brothers, and one sister, Mrs. Daniel Long, of Jackson.

The funeral will be held at 9:30 o'clock Saturday morning from the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, Rev. Fr. Considine officiating. Interment Mt. Olivet cemetery.

A Unique Will.

What is without doubt one of the most out of the ordinary wills ever filed in the Washtenaw county probate court, was placed on record there Wednesday morning, when the last will and testament of William Monks, late of Sharon, was filed for administration. The will is written on a piece of note paper with an indelible pencil and reads as follows:

"Ann Arbor, 9-10, 1909.

"I, William Monks, will and bequeath all my right and title to Emma Jane Monks, my wife, 1 wheat machine, 1 engine, 1 threshing machine, horses and stock.

"I set my hand and seal this the 10th day of September, 1909.

"WILLIAM MONKS."

Farmers' Club.

The Western Washtenaw Farmers' Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Etta Stocking, of Lima, Friday, November 19. The following is the program:

Roll call—Quotations from Whittier. Music.

Reading, Mrs. E. S. Spaulding.

"Everyday cooking in the average farm kitchen. How to make it attractive to the eye and taste, and most nourishing to the body." Mantie Spaulding.

Recitation. Mrs. H. Lighthall. Music.

If mortgages were exempt from taxation, what effect would it have on our banks? J. F. Waltrous. Music. Club.

Election of Officers.

At the annual election of the Chelsea Fire Department, held in Firemen's hall, last Thursday evening the following officers were chosen for the coming year:

President—Ed Gentner. Secretary—H. E. Cooper. Treasurer—John Bauer. Steward—Charles Kaercher. Captain Hose Company No. 1—Roy Evans.

Captain Hose Company No. 2—Wm. Oesterle. Captain Hook and Ladder Company—M. A. Shaver.

On account of its constantly increasing business, the Detroit Journal finds it necessary to add to its mechanical facilities, and has now ordered a new stereotyping outfit of the latest pattern, and a Hoe sextuple press. This press, which will be constructed especially for the Journal, is a marvel in its line, and will print a paper containing up to 48 pages, or an eight, ten or twelve-page at a speed of 72,000 per hour.

A POINTER

For All Who
Buy Medicines

Be cautious of the medicine that's advertised to cure everything. That's not the way with

Rexall Remedies

Each one is a special one. One for each and every human ill. They are remedies you can depend on to do what you expect of them. Yet should you be the least way dissatisfied, we promptly refund your money.

Rexall

Dyspepsia Tablets

Promptly relieve and cure Dyspepsia. 25c and 50c per box.

For Good

Things to Eat

at the Right Price there is no other store like This Store.

Red Band Coffee, very fine, 25c pound

Choice Japan Rice, 10 pounds 50c

Choice Seeded Raisins 7c package

Fancy Table Syrup, gallon pail 35c

Choice Re-cleaned English Currants 3 packages 25c

Sifted Table Salt, 10 pound sack 5c

Gallon Cans Cane and Maple Syrup 90c

Gloss Laundry Starch 6 pounds 25c

FREEMAN'S

THE COST OF LIVING

is more easily adjusted to your income by the use of a checking account. From month to month you have an exact record of all money received and paid out

Pay by check—Get a receipt.

The endorsement upon the back of a check is proof that the party received the amount of the check. Start today to pay by check. Your account is earnestly solicited.

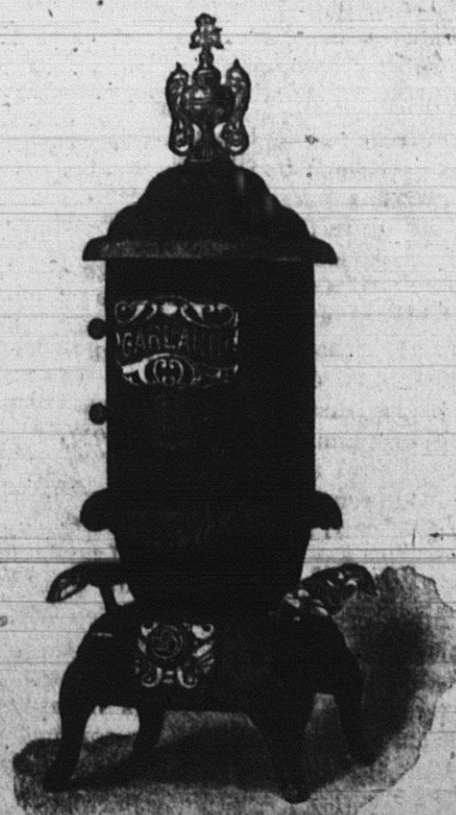
OFFICERS

John F. Waltrous, Pres.
Peter Merkel, 1st Vice Pres.

Christian Grau, 2d Vice Pres.
Paul G. Schaible, Cashier.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

STOVES



STOVES

FRED. H. BELSER.

HARDWARE, FURNITURE AND FARM IMPLEMENTS

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

ROYAL

Baking Powder

Absolutely PURE

BUSH & CHASE,

Physicians and Surgeons.
S. G. BUSH, E. F. CHASE.
Office in the Freeman-Cummings block, Chelsea, Michigan.

DR. J. T. WOODS,

Physician and Surgeon.
Office in the Staffan-Merkel block, Residence on Congdon street, Chelsea, Michigan. Telephone 114.

A. L. STEGER,

Dentist.
Office, Kempf Bank Block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone, Office, 82, 2; Residence, 82, 3.

H. E. DEFENDORF,

Veterinarian.
Office, second floor, Hatch & Durand block, Phone No. 61. Night or day.

GEO. A. GORMAN

Veterinary Physician and Surgeon
All calls answered promptly night or day. Office at Jacobs' livery barn. Phone No. 115-8R.

C. C. LANE,

Veterinary Surgeon.
Office at Martin's livery barn. Calls answered promptly night or day. Four years experience. Telephone No. 5.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL,

Attorneys at Law.
B. B. TURNBULL, H. D. WITHERELL.
Office, Freeman-Cummings block, Chelsea, Michigan.

JAMES S. GORMAN,

Attorney at Law.
Office, Middle street east, Chelsea, Michigan.

STIVERS & KALMBACH,

Attorneys at Law.
General law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 63.

PARKER & BECKWITH,

Real Estate Dealers.
Money to Loan, Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan.

E. W. DANIELS,

General Auctioneer.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard office, or address Gregory, Michigan, r. f. d. 2. Phone connections. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

S. A. MAPES,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M.

Regular meetings for 1909 are as follows: Jan. 5, Feb. 2, Mar. 2, 30, May 4, June 1, 29, July 27, Aug. 24, Sept. 28, Oct. 26, Nov. 23; annual meeting and election of officers, Dec. 21. St. John's Day, June 24-Dec. 27. Visiting Brothers welcome.
E. J. Whipple, W. M.
C. W. Maroney, Sec.

Princess Theatre

Westerland & Geddes, Props.
Chelsea, Michigan

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

this week

3 - The Forcelles - 3

IN VAUDEVILLE

Change of acts and pictures each night

THURSDAY EVENING

The Forcelles in their comedy playlet, "My Friend's Son From Texas."

FRIDAY EVENING

A travesty in two acts called "Simple Simon." A scream from start to finish.

MISS MYRTLE FORCELES

In singing and dancing specialties.

These people come highly recommended, and are sure to please. Prices 10c and 5c.

BREVITIES

JACKSON—Figures compiled by the state labor bureau show that there are 5,631 people employed in the factories of this city.

JACKSON—Police Captain Reardon, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis, is able to once more resume his duties.

MONROE—The curfew law went into effect Monday night. Children are required to be off the streets by 8:30 in the evening, and at 8:35 that night there wasn't one visible.

JACKSON—Ford Deming, a local letter carrier, has been suspended from the service for the alleged theft of stamp books. The value of the stamps was only about \$12. Deming is a married man with two children.

DEXTER—Detective Seymour, of Detroit, came to Dexter Friday afternoon and placed under arrest a man named Finn Steward who is wanted in Detroit to answer to a charge of the theft of about \$75 worth of jewelry from the home of Miss Haskell.

JACKSON—Isaac F. Mix, 708 Russell street, lost his reason Wednesday wrecked the household furniture and attempted to kill the members of his family, who escaped and summoned the police. He was committed to Kalamazoo asylum for the insane. He has a wife and 10 children and imagined they were attempting to starve him to death.

JACKSON—Twelve local option cases are on for the November term of court. One of these, that of Fred Lane, for violation of the local option law, was tried Monday. He was found guilty and sentenced to serve 90 days in the Detroit house of correction, and in addition pay a fine of \$50. In case this fine was not paid, to serve not less than 60 days more.

ANN ARBOR—There is a petition to be presented to the local bakers signed by the members of the Ladies' Union and the Women's Clubs demanding that all bread shall be wrapped before it leaves the bakery. It is understood that some of the bakers have threatened to put an extra cent charge on wrapped bread. The bakers as a whole are not disposed to wrap their bread, it is said.

MANCHESTER—Michael Laemmle fell from the roof of his house Wednesday while doing some repairing. He had climbed to the roof on a ladder, but just as he reached it the ladder broke. He clung to the edge of the roof with one hand as long as he could, but as no one saw him and came to his rescue, he had to let go and dropped to the ground. He escaped injury with the exception that his left knee is rather stiff.

JACKSON—Josiah Creque, a local hardware merchant, has been sleeping in his store lately, waiting for a return visit of burglars, evidently the same men who have been working in different sections of the city. Thursday night the men came and gained entry by cutting out four panes of glass. They then noiselessly carried out a quantity of silverware and the cash register. They did not disturb Creques, who slept in a rear room with a big gun under his pillow. There is no trace of the robbers.

POWELLVILLE—The mystery surrounding the demise of the three colts owned by Kane Brothers has been solved. It was generally supposed they had been poisoned, but in the stomach which was sent to Lansing for analysis, nothing was found but salt. A week ago Sunday, salt was given to the colts, and nothing thought of water, as a creek running through the field usually furnished plenty, but the creek had become dry and not being able to secure water, the animals died of thirst.—Fowlerville Standard.

LANSING—The new Lansing-Jackson electric line is proving anything but "a joy forever" to the officers and many citizens of Leslie, a village 15 miles from Jackson, and 23 miles from Lansing, according to a message of distress received Saturday by Sheriff Cline from the village president. The latter official pleaded that the sheriff send several of his deputies to Leslie, Sunday, to quell the disturbances raised there of late by Jackson "thirsties," who make weekly pilgrimages for irrigation purposes.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass. New subscriptions received at this office.

First Concrete Pier on Pacific Coast. The new concrete pier is now nearly completed at the foot of Colorado avenue. While concrete has been used before in pier building this is the first time that a re-enforced concrete wharf has been built into the Pacific ocean. The greatest confidence is expressed in its ability to stand the worst storms of the bay. Thus far it has made good all promises.

About 75 more piles, weighing ten tons each, must be driven to carry the pier out to its contract length of 1,600 feet. This will occupy about two months more, when a celebration will be planned to give the public an opportunity to inspect the pier of its kind in the world.—Santa Monica Cor. Los Angeles Express.

Our Languages. What a lot of languages we talk, even if we talk only English! I was assailed by a man across the luncheon table with a language about a Cupie final, and confessed that it was quite unintelligible. Then another man talked about golf, which is another language. And then the woman's language elbows these columns.

"The Countess" wore a seagreen white marabout stole, and a black taffeta bow garnished her huge hat of burnt Tagel straw. It is a fine example of women's slang. But to the man it means nothing—but expense.—London Outlook.

THE YOUNG IDEA.

Teacher—Thirty-three eggs at 90 cents per dozen is what?

Bill—Outrageous, I call it.

Hard World to Hit.

Gunner—Cogger has given up his automobiles and caught the airship fever.

Guy—How long do you think he will be bent on going up?

Gunner—Oh, until he gets bent coming down.

No Hunting.

Notice is hereby given to all hunters and trappers that hunting and trapping on my farm is forbidden.

Michael Zeeb.

FOR AGED PEOPLE.

Old Folks Should be Careful in Their Selection of Regulative Medicine.

With advanced age comes inactive bowel movement, and sluggish liver. Nature is unable to perform her proper functions and requires assistance. Otherwise, there is constant suffering from constipation and its attendant evils. Old folks should never use physic that is harsh and irritating.

We have a safe, dependable and altogether ideal remedy that is particularly adapted to the requirements of aged people and persons of weak constitution who suffer from constipation or other bowel disorder. We are so certain that it will completely relieve these complaints and give absolute satisfaction in every particular that we offer them with our personal guarantee that they shall cost the user nothing if they fail to substantiate our claims. This remedy is called Rexall Orderlies.

Rexall Orderlies are eaten like candy. They have a soothing, healing, strengthening, tonic and regulative action upon the dry mucous lining and the relaxed muscular coat of the bowel. They produce a natural, successive contraction and relaxation of the muscular fibres of the bowel walls, generating a wave-like motion which forces their contents onward and outward; thus simulating nature in perfect bowel movement. They tone up and strengthen the nerves and muscles and restore the bowels and associate organs to more vigorous and healthy activity. They may be taken at any time without inconvenience; do not cause any griping, nausea, diarrhoea, excessive looseness, flatulence or other disagreeable effect. Try Rexall Orderlies on our guarantee: 36 tablets 25 cents, and 12 tablets 10 cents. Remember you can obtain Rexall Remedies in Chelsea only at our store—The Rexall Store. L. T. Freeman Co.

The Family Reading Problem. To find reading that satisfies one's craving for the bright and attractive, and is at the same time perfectly suitable for impressionable young people, is at times difficult. The best magazines are admittedly published for mature readers only. The Youth's Companion alone is for all the family. While the editors keep in mind the eager desire of the young for tales of action, enterprise and adventure, these stories in The Companion are so well written as to fascinate men and women in all stages of life's journey. And this is true not only of the fiction contents. The articles, by famous writers, convey knowledge that is useful to the wisest and most experienced as well as to the immature. In short, The Companion solves the reading problem for the entire family. It is entertaining and it is "worth while."

Every new subscriber will find it of special advantage to send at once the \$1.75 for the new 1910 Volume. Not only does he get the beautiful "Venetian" Calendar for 1910, lithographed in thirteen colors and gold, but all the issues of The Companion for the remaining weeks of 1909, from the time the subscription is received.

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Michael Zeeb.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

FOR SALE—One sow with five pigs, and five other sows due to farrow soon. Inquire of R. S. Whallan, North Lake. 12tf

FOR SALE—Thirty acres of standing timber. W. Gregory, Mich. 14

FOR SALE—100 bushels good potatoes. 50c per bushel delivered. J. J. Rafferty. 15

WANTED—100 men to buy horse blankets. Prices the lowest, quality the best. H. S. Holmes Merc. Co. 16

FOR SALE—Good Jersey cow, giving milk. John W. Schenk. 14

FOR SALE—A good six octave organ. Inquire of Mrs. Geo. E. Jackson, west Summit street. 14

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy, cutter and harness. A bargain. Enquire of J. F. Hieber, Chelsea. 15

FOR SALE—Coffee for particular people. Ask for Red Band, 25c per pound at Freeman's. 12tf

TO MAKE room for sleighs and cutters I offer for sale all the buggies and wagons on hand now at a large reduction in price. A nice lot to select from. Call on A. G. Paist. 8tf

FOR SALE—House on corner of McKinley street and Dewey avenue. Inquire of Frank Buss, Chelsea. 13

FOR SALE—Ray Johnson farm in Dexter township, 180 acres, good buildings, and will be sold on easy terms. Inquire of O. C. Burkhardt, Chelsea. 10tf

CIDER MAKING—Our mill will run every Tuesday and Friday, until Nov. 12th. Jerusalem Mills, Chas. Meinhold, prop. 3tf

FOR SALE—Twenty choice, registered, Rambouillet ewes of various ages. Due in March. Price, \$10 per head. Will make someone a fine foundation flock. M. L. Raymond, Grass Lake, Mich. 15

WANTED AT ONCE a good honest handy man to work in shop. A good job for the right fellow. Call on A. G. Paist. 13tf

WANTED—A good, safe horse, weighing about 1200 pounds. Inquire of Samuel Tucker, phone 158-21-15. 14

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; or girl who studies afternoons to work for room and board mornings. Mrs. H. B. Merrick, 928 Church street, Ann Arbor, Phone 303. 14

DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.
East bound, 7:42 am 1:42 pm 4:24 pm
West bound, 9:45 am 2:45 pm 5:45 pm

LOCAL CARS.
East bound—6:10 am, and every two hours to 10:10 pm. To Ypsilanti only, 11:35 pm.
West bound—6:20 and 7:30 am, and every two hours to 11:30 pm.
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.

Chelsea Greenhouses

CUT FLOWERS

POTTED PLANTS

FUNERAL DESIGNS

ELVIRA CLARK,

Phone 103-2-11-8 FLORIST

Sylvan Theatre

Wirt S. McLaren, Mgr.

Chelsea, - Michigan

JOHN W. VOGEL'S

BIG CITY

MINSTRELS

Forming in its entirety the biggest, best and most complete minstrels in existence. Different from all others. The best by test. New Oriental first part.

Thursday, Nov. 18th

JOHN W. VOGEL

THE MINSTREL KING

The greatest gathering on this globe of America's sweetest singers, clever dancers and funny comedians. A new show with new features.

Concert Band of picked soloists and a grand symphony orchestra

SEATS NOW SELLING

IMPORTANT—This is a guaranteed attraction.

THE BEST

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The Chelsea Standard

O. B. BOOYER, Publisher.

YOUNG MAN HAD EASY THING

Additional Proof, if Any is Needed, That Our Language is Fearful and Wonderful.

Just by way of showing how easy it is for some men to pick up a few dollars by their wits, a young fellow strolled into a Chestnut street cafe the other afternoon, and, joining in a conversation that was being carried on by convivial spirits, declared he was the most "fortunate" individual on earth. He immediately began telling a story of his personal troubles, but before he had got the narrative well under way there was a chorus of interruptions, and the talkative young man was politely informed that his English needed revising, since he should have used the word "unfortunate," instead of "fortunate." The newcomer insisted that unfortunate was the correct word to use, and the argument waxed warm. Finally, with a show of heat, the young man who started the trouble declared that, while he had only a few dollars, he would wager them that he was correct. So anxious were his friends to lay wagers with him that he did not have money enough to meet all the demands, but he succeeded in putting up \$15 in separate small bets. The men who were certain that the garrulous young man was wrong in the use of the word unfortunate sent out for a dictionary, only to find that they had been "stung" on a "sure thing" bet, the big book on spelling showing that unfortunate is perfectly proper and means unfortunate. "Yes," said the winner of the bets, as he pocketed his new portion of wealth, "I have won money on that before; I collected \$10 this afternoon on a similar wager." Then, just to show that there were no hard feelings, he "bought" for the crowd.—Philadelphia Record.

Tropical Shells in Far North.
One of the things which I secured was a large nautilus shell, such as is supposed to exist only in tropical countries. I found it 600 feet above the water level. Such specimens clearly prove the volcanic upheaval of this soil and further show that the climate must at one time have been very different from what it now is. In some of the shells the petrified organisms can be discerned, as though the process took place very rapidly. During the summer, I also found the skeleton of a right whale, a species that rarely goes higher than 60 degrees; but I found it at 82 degrees on the land. It was in a sort of ravine, where the water and ice had passed over it, and the whalebone was worn to long threads and strings, showing that it must have been there many years. The traces of friction showed plainly on the whole skeleton.—Capt. Edwin Coffin's story of the Ziegler Polar Expedition in National Geographic.

Wicked Gotham.
"Robert Brodax Glenn, ex-governor of North Carolina, denounced at Chattanooga the wickedness of New York," said a Presbyterian minister of Raleigh.

The minister smiled slightly.
"This denunciation didn't surprise me," he said. "I have been associated with Mr. Glenn in church work for many years. New York's wickedness has always shocked him.
"I pointed out to Mr. Glenn one day a remarkable newspaper paragraph.
"Look here," I said. "Here is an account of a New York man struck down by lightning while he was swearing. Remarkable, isn't it?"
"My dear doctor," said Gov. Glenn, solemnly, "if lightning were to strike down a New York man when he wasn't swearing, it would be much more remarkable."

Drink Caused Trouble.
"Oh," said the woman as she paused in the prison beside a hospital cot on which an emaciated man lay. "It makes my heart bleed to see all this sickness and suffering. What is this poor man's trouble?"
"Drink," said the patient before the attending physician had time to answer.

"Drink!"
"Yes, lady, one drink."
"Terrible, terrible. Oh, what a warning this should be to every young man. I wish I could bring my Sunday school class here to see this awful case. One drink and—"
"It was a drink of Chicago river water, ma'am, that hadn't been boiled."

Blocking Him.
"Say, old man," began Borroughs, "lend me your ear for a while, will you?"
"My friend," replied Wise, shrewdly suspecting a touch, "I'd gladly lend you both of them; then I wouldn't be able to hear you ask me to lend you anything else."—The Catholic Standard and Times.

His Theory.
"Why do they call that railway a grand trunk line?"
"I dunno," answered Farmer Corn-tassel, "unless they had some idea of the big clothes boxes some of these summer boarders would be draggin' around with 'em."

In the Middle.
"The thief always suffers in the end." "Not always. My little boy stole some green apples the other day and that is not where he suffered."—Houston Post.

WHERE'S THE LIVE STOCK BOARD

NEITHER OFFICE OR SECRETARY JUST HAVE TO BE FOUND IF WANTED.

A CASE NEEDS ATTENTION

Incidents and Happenings in Various Parts of the State That Are Briefly Told.

Residents of Ada township are aroused because of the failure to locate the members of the state livestock commission, whose services are required in looking after a number of cattle in that vicinity, which are suffering from hydrophobia. They were bitten by a mad dog several days ago. Telephone, telegraph and mail messages, it is alleged, failed to find any members of the commission in their office at Lansing, and in the meantime about a dozen cattle are slowly dying of the rabies.

The owners of the cattle, Mrs. Levi Averill and a man named Kaiser, do not want to kill the animals without the official sanction of the commission, as in that case they would not be allowed the value from the state. They are desirous of having a representative of the commission come, appraise the value, and then have the cattle killed.

The state livestock commission has no office in Lansing and there is no known way to reach that body except by getting hold of its members individually. They are Comfort A. Tyler, of Nottawa, St. Joseph county; Henry H. Hinds, of Stanton, and T. F. Marston, of Bay City. The commission does not boast a secretary.

Warden Fuller Wants Shriver.
John C. Shriver, who was arrested recently in Grand Haven on a charge of daring his wife to take poison, and who pleaded guilty when the complaint was changed to assault and battery, is in more trouble than he bargained for. At the time of his arrest Shriver was on parole from the Ionia reformatory, to which institution he had been sentenced for from three to ten years for forgery, and now Warden Fuller, of the prison, has issued a warrant calling for his return to serve out the sentence.
Between the time of his arrest and pleading guilty to the assault and battery charge, Shriver's parole had expired, and he is now seeking some way to avoid the return to the reformatory. He has appealed from the fine of \$40 and costs or the 45 days' jail imposed, and the matter promises to be a hard fought one.

Trusted Employee Suicides.
A trusted employee of the Singer Sewing Machine Co. for nearly 20 years, Charles Grimme, in charge of the company's Benton Harbor office, committed suicide by swallowing strychnine in a sufficient quantity to kill a dozen men. Grimme ended his life at home, breathing his last in the presence of his wife and children.
That the deed was premeditated, and that there is also a shortage in Grimme's accounts, is evidenced by two letters which he had written before swallowing the poison. One letter was to his wife and children, bidding them good-bye, and the second letter was directed to the company's agent and admits there is a shortage, but asserts it is small.

Help Is Scarce.
"Men wanted, 25 cents per hour," are signs which are displayed frequently in Lansing, and yet contractors say that they are unable to secure laborers, even at these prices.

Farmers are complaining that it is almost an impossibility to secure help and large fields of corn are standing in the shock waiting to be husked. Local contractors and manufacturers are also having their troubles in securing help and men have been brought from as far away as New York to work in the factories.
Farmers are paying as high as five cents per bushel to have their corn husked, and sugar beet raisers are wondering where they are going to obtain help in caring for the part of the crop which is still unharvested.

Flint's Big Fire.
Fire of unknown origin broke out at midnight Monday in the rear of the three-story brick block at 420 South Saginaw street. Flint, occupied by Warrick Bros. with a dry goods stock, and before it had been subdued it had gutted the structure, ruined a stock of goods valued at \$40,000 and caused a loss of \$8,000 on the building, which is owned by the Mrs. L. H. Childs estate.

The Delos A. Blodgett estate of Grand Rapids has paid \$45,324.45 inheritance tax to the state, which will go into the primary fund.
Alleging that they have been selling milk from families affected by contagious diseases and thus spreading typhoid fever, Dairy and Food Inspector Howe has secured warrants against two Lansing milk dealers.

The Industrial and Investment association of Bay City has been organized with practically every business man in the city a member, to encourage new industries to locate in Bay City and old ones to expand their plants.

After having traveled several hundred miles to visit his aged mother, whom he had not seen in 19 years, James B. Clawson, aged 61, of Manistee, dropped dead on the street in Indianapolis before the object of his trip had been realized. A homecoming had been planned and Clawson left in high spirits in anticipation of seeing his mother.

Leander Mattson was killed by August Byarkland, Tuesday, at the Ironwood mine, Bessemer. Mattson was struck in the head by the end of an umbrella thrown by Byarkland in a drunken quarrel. Both men are minors.

MICHIGAN ITEMS.

A small cyclone struck Freemont on Tuesday unroofing the opera house and knocking down chimneys. No one was injured.

Miss Ollie Miles, the 19-year-old Saginaw girl who was attacked by an unknown man last week, is still in a serious condition.

Leo Sheed, aged 4, of Tekonsha, was accidentally shot in the body by Albert Abrams, aged 14, while the two were playing. He will die.

Harry Shubrick, aged 25, of Traverse City, was found dead in the woods, his gun having been discharged while he was climbing over a log.

The "Black Diamond" club, a notorious gambling den for Battle Creek colored men, was raided by the police and twelve negroes were arrested.

The proposition to bond Pontiac for \$82,000 for improvements and extensions to the water system carried by 224 votes more than the number required.

M. B. Duffie, a Civil war veteran of Battle Creek, has received notice that he has drawn a \$6,000 farm in the recent land drawing contest in South Dakota.

There is at present a balance of \$1,471,444 in the state treasury, with cash on hand amounting to \$1,307,347, according to State Treasurer Albert E. Sleeper.

By a vote of 2,106 to 458, Port Huron decided to have a general revision of the charter as the first step toward adopting the commission form of government.

The Michigan Central railroad is to build new car and machine shops at Bay City to employ 300 men and do part of the work of the road now done in Detroit.

Six weeks after his third marriage, Peter Richards, aged 81, of St. Johns, died following several days of unconsciousness from taking a dose of opium with suicidal intent.

The local option movement in Cass county was launched Friday, when the organization of the "drys" was perfected. The county went "wet" at the last election by only 78 votes.

Mrs. James Moss, of Kalamazoo, saved her husband's life by wrapping a blanket about him when a bottle of leather polish exploded, but in so doing she was badly burned.

Arthur Chaderon, of Plainwell, was seriously injured Sunday while hunting, when the shotgun on which he was leaning was accidentally discharged. The shot entered his left side.

The potato crop in Ingham county is said to be the best seen for several seasons. As yet the frosts, which damaged many potatoes in northern counties, have not injured the tubers there.

James D. Derby, of Flint, has received from a Golden, B. C. man a postal card he enclosed in a phial and threw into the Columbia river three years ago. The bottle and card traveled more than 100 miles.

An epidemic of burglaries has broken out in Saginaw again, and Sunday night three west side citizens reported to the police that their homes had been entered and jewelry and trinkets valued at \$100 stolen.

John Marrooney, a negro waiter in a Battle Creek hotel, is under arrest on suspicion of having robbed Mrs. A. Hirsch, of Chicago, of \$5,000 worth of diamonds last August. The man admits having been in Chicago at the time, but denies the theft.

The state board of control of St. Clair Plate has notified Auditor-General Fuller that November 30 is the last day on which the people who have residences or buildings on state lands there can file their claims for permanent possession of the property.

Thomas M. Spaulding, a graduate of the U. of M., who is now a lieutenant in the United States army, has written a letter to friends in which he urges college men, and especially those of the engineering department, to enter the army. The chances for the advancement of a college graduate are a great deal better than generally supposed, he writes.

"Air blasts" in the workings of the Quincy Mining Co. at Houghton have been worrying residents for several days. The explosions produce an effect like an earthquake shock, and in shaft No. 2 hundreds of tons of rock have fallen. The 150 men employed in the mine were removed at the first shock and will not be allowed to return to work until the blasts have ceased.

Nearly 3,000,000 feet of pine and hardwood lumber, owned by the Hudson Lumber Co., at a village 40 miles east of Manistee, was destroyed by a fire believed to have been of incendiary origin, Saturday. The city fire department was called to the scene and succeeded in saving the mill and 75,000 feet of lumber. The loss is estimated at \$70,000, covered by insurance.

Mabel, the 6-year-old daughter of C. H. Pose, of Mecosta, was badly burned Tuesday. While ironing her doll's clothes, her dress caught fire from the stove. The flames were extinguished by the child's mother, but the little one's condition is regarded as serious. The family has had more than its share of misfortune of late. A few months ago a young son died. And since they have had a great deal of sickness in the home. This season the farm crops failed, and they are unable to pay the rent.

The Battle Creek sanatorium showed its hand for the first time last Wednesday in the state taxation question. Judge Mills, attorney for the sanatorium, granted that the institution had violated its charter, but held that the state had waited too long and that the sanatorium could not be reached under the law.

As surgeons were ready to amputate the arm of Leo Price, of Saginaw, who was shot by an unknown hunter Sunday and terribly wounded, John Price, the boy's father, commanded them not to cut the arm off. The surgeons obeyed, but it is believed the arm will have to come off.

WILL BE FIRST IN WHOLE WORLD

Course in Conservation at University of Michigan.

PLAN OF WORK IS LAID OUT

Credit for Getting Course Established Is Given to Prof. Cooley—Will Be Broad in Every Sense of the Word.

To the University of Michigan will belong the honor of being the first university in the world to establish a course in the conservation of natural resources. The regents approved the plan, and the course will probably begin February next. The course will be given by the engineering department, with the co-operation of the literary and law departments, and will lead to the degree, at the end of six years, of master of conservation engineering.

The course will be broad in every sense of the word, and will contain cultural subjects and language, law and political economy, mathematics and astronomy, physics and chemistry, geology and mineralogy, biology, botany, zoology and forestry, drawing and surveying and civil, mechanical, electrical or chemical engineering. A student may specialize in any branch of conservation work he chooses.

To Prof. Mortimer E. Cooley should be given great credit for getting this course established at Michigan. It was at the time when President Roosevelt appointed his famous commission that Dean Cooley began thinking that some day a course in conservation, to carry out the ideas laid down by the president, would eventually be called for. Ever since then he has been in hopes to establish that course at Michigan. But there is always the cry of poverty at Michigan. The allowance is not great enough to enable Michigan to establish courses every now and then. But Dean Cooley consulted with the deans of the literary and law departments, and with their co-operation succeeded in planning this course with such exquisite skill that no additional teaching staff will be required.

After this was figured out, Dean Cooley neither slept nor allowed his fellow professors to sleep till the matter was before the regents, and then it is understood the regents were not allowed any napping time till he had convinced them of the necessity and desirability of this course.

The result is that the University of Michigan will soon lead the world with a course fitting men to solve problems that are to be uppermost on this country in a very few years. It is presumed that the United States government will take charge of the conservation of the country's natural resources within a few years, and the field for graduates in this department will be unlimited.

Prisoners Husking Corn.
A new department in prison administration was inaugurated when 20 husky convicts were given husking pins and transported three miles from the prison to the Lloyd Woodworth farm, where they were put to work husking a fine crop of corn on a 12-acre field. It is in the nature of an experimental move to see how convicts work out in the open air without inclosing stone walls.

There are upwards of a hundred idle men in the prison now, since the abandonment of its contract by the Illinois Broom Company, and at the last meeting of the board the subject of renting some celery land for the use of unemployed convicts was under consideration, and the warden was directed to have options prepared and ready for the board at its next meeting. As the number of idle convicts will steadily increase the board is of opinion that if the trustees men can be employed outside the walls at labor which will produce the food they consume the effect will be excellent on the health of the prisoners and their labor will not be in competition with outside labor.

Farmer Woodworth has 12 acres of corn which he could not get husked because of a scarcity of labor, and Warden Wenger made a deal with him. Until the corn is all in the crib from fifteen to twenty-five prisoners will be detailed each morning for a husking bee. They will be under the charge of a few guards.

Verdict Against D. U. R. Reversed.

The Detroit United Railway won a victory in the supreme court in an opinion in the case of Charles A. Sewell vs. that company, reversing the judgment and ordering a new trial. Sewell's injuries, sustained in a street car collision in Detroit, January 23, 1907, caused the lower court to render a judgment of \$2,500 in his favor.

Alleges Typhoid in Milk.

Warrants were issued by Justice Frazier for the arrest of two Lansing milk dealers, charging violations of the pure food law, the complaints being signed and sworn to by Inspector O. C. Howe of the dairy department.

The specific charge, that of selling milk from families in which contagious diseases prevail, was made following an investigation by the state authorities on the complaints of citizens purchasing milk in which typhoid fever developed after the purchase of milk from the local dealers.

Teachers to War on Cigarettes.

The Michigan State Teachers' convention came to an end at Saginaw with the submission of the report of the committee on resolutions. This committee recommended medical inspection for the public schools, declared for support of the enforcement of the anti-cigarette law, that the organization and growth of secret societies in high schools should be stopped, approved industrial training and recommended its gradual extension to both city and country schools; commended the work of the legislative committee in the securing of new school laws and suggested for its further activity the passage of a law defining the power of city school superintendents, fixing a minimum salary for all teachers and a minimum term of nine months in all schools, city and rural. It also declared for a more equitable distribution of the primary school fund. The report will be adopted as submitted.

The concluding address on the program was by John Finley, president of the College of New York, whose subject was "Soldiers of Peace."

In his address at the U. of M. alumni banquet, Acting President Hutchins made a strong plea for endowments for the university. He said that while the income from the state is liberal, it does not equal the demands and that other sources of revenue must be found.

"In my judgment," he said, "where the duty of education rests with the state it does not follow that the state should bear the entire expense. Much money should come to the university through private gifts. Our duty is to go out into the state and turn toward the university wealth needed for its maintenance."

"I believe that the men who have made their money in the state and whose homes are here should be liberal toward the university and should not let the fact that it is a state institution stand in the way."

"There is now a scheme before the regents which contemplates forming an alumni association in every county, its duties to be to report regularly to the university. Then we will send an officer of the university to each county annually to address the people, and I believe this scheme will do much toward meeting the university's requirements."

Villages Under 500 May Have Saloon.

A provision of the new Warner-Cramton liquor law is that there shall be no more than one saloon for every 500 population in any town or city. This has been a cause of keen worry to 100 villages in Michigan whose population does not reach 500. They have wondered if the provision could be interpreted to mean that they could not have even one saloon. It has been a thorn in the side of the "wets" over in Clinton county, where the moist party is making a fight to have local option abandoned next spring. Two townships in the county, Westphalia and Dallas, have villages of less than 500 population and they ask, "What is the use of doing away with local option if, according to the new liquor law, we could not have a saloon, anyway?"

Both of these townships would be expected to give large anti-local majorities, as they are populated by Germans and Catholics, and in one of them a Catholic priest has signed one of the petitions asking that the question be submitted again next spring, and he is known to be opposed to local option. But all the clouds have been cleared away by Fred Baker, the constitutional lawyer of Detroit. Mr. Baker says that it was evidently not the intent of the legislature in framing the bill to deprive villages of less than 500 population of their right to one saloon.

Railroad Must Pay Up.

Through an opinion rendered by the supreme court the judgment secured by Joseph P. Rademaker, administrator of the estate of Mary Konkle, deceased, against the Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee railroad, was sustained, and the company will have to pay over the amount to the heirs.

Mary Konkle was killed by a freight engine on that road at Grand Rapids. She was driving across the track in a carriage and the evidence showed that the gates were up and she was unconscious of any danger. The supreme court could find no reversible error and the judgment of the lower court was affirmed.

Nurses' Board Postpones Meeting.

Members of the state board of registration of nurses, created by the last legislature, attempted to hold their first meeting in this city last week, as the law directed, but owing to the absence of one member and Gov. Warner from the state the meeting had to be postponed until December 9. Some time ago representatives of the State Nurses' association filed charges with Gov. Warner against one member of the board, alleging that she is not technically qualified to serve, but the governor refused to take up the question and the board members present stated that they had heard nothing further of the charges.

Adding to Equipment.

Many improvements have been made in the road beds, rolling stock and stations of Michigan railways in the past year, and the full equipment of cars of all the lines are in service. This is the condition of the roads as found by the state railway commission, which is just completing its annual inspection of the railways of the state. Roads which a year ago had their sidetracks packed with empty cars are now using every available bit of rolling stock and adding to the equipment every day.

THIS FIGHTER GOES SOME

THE NORTH DAKOTA IS THE BEST DREADNOUGHT IN THE WIDE WORLD.

CANADA INCREASES ARMY

Fastest and Best Battleship—The Canadian Northwest Army—Various Matters.

The North Dakota is the fastest battleship of the Dreadnought type afloat, as well as one of the two most powerful battleships in the world.

Her screw standardization tests over the Rockland, Me., measured mile course developed a maximum speed of 22.25 knots, and an average of 21.833. Both marks are in excess of the best performances of either her sister ship, the Delaware, or the Bellerophon, the leader Dreadnought of the British navy.

In attaining this surprising speed the turbine engines of the North Dakota were forced to the development of more horsepower than has been reached by any battleship afloat. A maximum of 35,150 horsepower was recorded, while 33,875 horsepower was the mean amount. The maximum number of revolutions of her nickel composition propellers was 286 a minute. It was found that 263 revolutions in this time were sufficient to maintain the contract speed of 21 knots.

To Guard the Northwest.

Pursuant to a plan to station 50,000 well drilled soldiers between the great lakes and the Rocky Mountains, the Canadian government has ordered another squadron of regulars to locate in Winnipeg, doubling the strength of the Strathcona Horse and the Royal Canadian regiment at Fort Osborne. The military forces will be stationed from 20 to 60 miles north of the boundary line near the present centers of population.

The Canadian minister of militia, it is said, believes that the prairies furnish Canada's best fighting force, and for this reason the regulars have been ordered to the northwest. Mounted corps are springing up in every direction in the farming districts and applications for new organizations are pouring in. It is thought that this is due to recent public speeches of Lord Northcliffe, Earl Grey, Lord Milner and others, who have fanned the flame of military ambition throughout western Canada.

Senator Aldrich in Rubber.

Papers were filed with the secretary of state in Trenton, N. J., last week merging the Inter-Continental Rubber Co. and the Continental Rubber Co. of America. The merged company is to be known as the Inter-Continental Rubber Co., and has an authorized capital of \$4,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 is preferred stock with 7 per cent accumulative dividends. Prior to the merger the Inter-Continental company owned practically all of the stock of the other company.

Among the names signed to the certificate of merger are U. S. Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, Edward B. Aldrich, Herman B. Baruch, Henry A. Bingham, Daniel Guggenheim, S. S. Guggenheim, Paul Morton, Allan A. Ryan and Wm. Sproule.

Revenues Are Growing.

Surpassing the most sanguine expectations of the treasury officials, the internal revenue receipts are bounding upward. For October the figures show \$25,684,434, an increase of \$1,616,738 over the corresponding month last year, and at that there will be some additions to the receipts credited to last month's account.
So far this fiscal year, up to Oct. 30, the internal revenue receipts have run \$4,575,999 ahead of the same period last year, the total since July 1 being \$89,783,037.

The Proper Thing.

The state department has declined to take any action in the Polar controversy between adherents of Commander Peary and Dr. Cook.
A delegation representing the National Geographic society called on Assistant Secretary Wilson to have the department cable American Minister Egan at Copenhagen, to request of the University of Copenhagen permission to examine the records of Dr. Frederick A. Cook when they are submitted to that institution.

Turned Down.

The consistency of the University of Copenhagen has declined to accept the proposal of the National Geographic society that a committee representing the American body be present when the North Polar records of Dr. Cook are first examined.

WIRELETS.

By forming a bucket brigade, 12 brave nuns extinguished a fire in St. Vincent orphan asylum, Cleveland, in which 400 little ones were in peril.
A navy costing \$100,000,000 is to be built by the Turkish government, to be completed in seven years and to consist of seven battleships of the North Dakota type and a number of smaller ships.

According to a Wall street rumor, Senator Elihu Root will be appointed by President Taft to the supreme court bench as successor to the late Justice Peckham. Mr. Root is said to have the backing of every Republican politician in New York state.

Charles D. Howell, charged with holding up the clerks in the Great Northern express office in Seattle and stealing \$12,000 a short time ago, was identified as the bandit who impersonated a United States postal inspector, boarded a Great Northern mail car at Bonners Ferry, Ida., on March 15, 1908, and, after subduing the clerks, rifled the registered mail.

ECONOMY NEEDED

There is a Chance For Some Good Work by Congress.

Members of congress who are returning to Washington after the recent elections are making calculations on the amount of money to be expended by the government during the next fiscal year. It seems to be the consensus of opinion that the coming session of congress will not cut the appropriations below the figures at the last session of the sixty-first congress.

If such proves to be the case, it is estimated that congress, at its next session will appropriate at the neighborhood of \$1,000,000,000. This would seem to be an enormous amount of money in view of the cry of economy that has been going the rounds at each of the various executive departments and the effort now being made by the several cabinet officers to cut down their expenses to the very minimum.
The appropriations made during the last session of the sixty-first congress, in round numbers \$1,044,000,000, broke all previous records. For years back the appropriations have been going up at the rate of about \$30,000,000 a year. Figuring on this basis, the amount of money to be expended during the next session will probably reach \$1,100,000,000.

TEDDY WELL ON OCT. 30.

The British East African government, which has been investigating the rumors concerning the illness of ex-President Roosevelt, while not successful in getting into direct communication with Col. Roosevelt and his party, has at least learned sufficient to satisfy the officials that there is no truth in these rumors. The latest dispatch, received from officials in the interior, says:
"Nothing known here (Mombasa) of the rumors. Eldama Ravine reports all well October 30. The Roosevelt party is now on a long safari."

Ate Diseased Squirrel.

The third case of bubonic plague contracted by a human being in California in the last three months, was reported Saturday to the state board of health. The victim is Frank Bellis, an Oakland butcher. He became infected through eating squirrel. The fatal cases reported previously had their origin in the eating of squirrel.

The 40,000 members of the Shri-wast union who are now on strike in New York have begun the publication of a daily paper which is to contain news of the strike and is to be sent to non-union as well as union members.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.—Cattle.—Extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$5.25; steers and heifers, \$4.50 to \$4.85; grass steers and heifers that are fat, \$4.00 to \$4.10; 4.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, \$3.50 to \$3.75; choice fat steers, \$3.75 to \$4.00; choice fat heifers, \$3.50 to \$3.75; common cows, \$2.50 to \$3.50; choice heavy bulls, \$1.75 to \$2.00; choice light bulls, \$1.50 to \$1.75; stock bulls, \$1.25 to \$1.50; stock cows, \$1.00 to \$1.25; choice young, medium age, \$4.00 to \$4.50; common milkers, \$2.50 to \$3.50.

Sheep and lambs.—Market opened lower than on last Thursday and dull; best light weights, \$4.00 to \$4.25; fair to good, \$3.50 to \$3.75; light to common lambs, \$4.50 to \$5.25; fair to good, \$3.50 to \$4.00; culls and common, \$2.00 to \$2.50.
Hogs.—Market good, but not too strong. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$17.50 to \$18.50; heavy, \$16.00 to \$17.00; pigs, \$14.00 to \$15.00.

East Buffalo.—Cattle.—The market today more active than last week and all kinds of cattle, including calves, were in good demand. Fresh cows and springers sold \$2.00 per head lower; export steers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; large stockers, \$3.00 to \$3.25; best 1,000 to 1,500 lb shipping steers, \$3.40 to \$3.65; medium stockers, \$2.50 to \$2.75; choice young, medium age, \$4.00 to \$4.50; common milkers, \$2.50 to \$3.50.
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Grain, Etc.
Detroit.—Wheat.—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.17 1/2; December, \$1.16 1/2; first quality at the opening, the first quality at

HEROES OF THE AMERICAN NAVY



REAR ADMIRAL CHARLES DWIGHT SIGSBEE is on the retired list, and a fine old seaman has a landman's berth for the rest of his life. The name Sigsbee is inseparably connected with the loss of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor on the night of February 15, 1898. It is, perhaps, not generally appreciated that naval authorities consider that in the writing of his first report of the disaster to the Maine Capt. Sigsbee marked himself as a commander of remarkable coolness and ability. The sentence in the report which brought the Maine's captain the commendation of his superiors and of all thinking men was: "Public opinion should be suspended until further report."

The Maine was sent to Havana harbor on a peculiarly delicate mission. In reality the vessel was there to protect American residents against the Spaniards in the city, who were becoming ugly. It was necessary, however, that Capt. Sigsbee should make it appear that the visit of the Maine was entirely friendly. After the Maine was destroyed the commander of the ship, instead of losing time in attempting to cast the blame for the disaster upon others than himself, and instead of following what would seem to be the natural course of making it appear that it was a Spanish act of treachery, wrote the words which made him famous, and gave "every chance for the cause of the explosion to be traced—to his own negligence, or to that of his officers, if such prove to be the case—in his efforts to avert war."

It is always a tremendous misfortune for a naval officer to lose his ship, no matter what the cause. There is always a feeling existing, regardless of the odds against which a vessel has to contend, whether of the fury of the storm or of the overweight of the enemy's shot and shell, that if handled by somebody else the vessel might have survived the conflict.

It undoubtedly was a sad blow to Capt. Sigsbee when war was declared against Spain that he was not given command of a battleship. The naval department, however, did the next best thing that it could do for him in ordering him to the deck of the St. Paul, which was a transatlantic liner, fast and mounting fairly heavy guns, and which had been pressed into the service as a scout cruiser.

It fell to Capt. Sigsbee's lot, however, to command his ship in one of the most notable engagements of the Spanish war. It is very possible that as much glory came to Sigsbee from this encounter as came to the commander of any battleship which was engaged in the fight off Santiago harbor with Cervera's Spanish squadron.

The St. Paul had an encounter with the Spanish torpedo boat Terror. The fight was of tremendous importance and of supreme interest to the naval authorities of the world, for it was the first time practically that a torpedo boat of this kind, and of which much was expected, went into battle against a practically unarmored vessel, but a vessel carrying serviceable guns and a crew of expert gunners.

The St. Paul was in the vicinity of San Juan, Porto Rico, June 22, 1898. It was there in the hope of discovering certain Spanish men-of-war which were thought to be in the vicinity. A little past noon on the twenty-second, Lieut. Patterson of the St. Paul saw a cruiser leaving the harbor of San Juan. Instantly the men of the St. Paul were called to quarters. Capt. Sigsbee taking the bridge. The cruiser turned out to be the Infanta Isabel, a Spanish man-of-war.

The St. Paul prepared to meet the Spaniard, but the enemy persisted in keeping under the protection of so shore batteries, though Sigsbee ran his vessel in so close that she was exposed for a long time to the missiles of the eight and ten inch guns of the Spanish fleet. If the Spaniards had been better marksmen it might have fared ill with the St. Paul, but Sigsbee knew with whom he had to deal and he took chances, as does every brave commander.

While attempting to draw the Infanta Isabel into battle the captain of the American ship saw the torpedo-boat destroyer Terror come out of the harbor under full steam and head for his ship. The Terror was making a dash for the St. Paul with the intention of sending a

torpedo into her and sinking her, to keep company with Sigsbee's last vessel, the Maine. As a naval writer has put it, "at last the much boasted torpedo boat was upon trial under battle conditions."

The captain of the St. Paul held his fire until the rushing enemy, presenting only a small target, had reached a distance of about 5,400 yards and then there followed one of the finest exhibitions of American marksmanship that naval history shows. The distance was great, but from the deck of the St. Paul it would seem that the projectiles were falling close to the supposedly deadly torpedo boat foe.

Capt. Sigsbee in his official report told the subsequent story thus:

"Suddenly the Terror headed up into the wind, broadside to the St. Paul, as if injured, but kept up a fire from her battery, her shot falling short. I was looking at her from the upper bridge with binocular glasses of great power, and at this time I saw a shell explode, apparently against her hull, about the after smokestack."

"She immediately turned with port helm and stood in for the harbor at considerable speed, her behavior giving evidence of damage. Instead of standing in through the channel close to the Morro, whence she had issued to begin her attack, she fell a long distance to leeward. When down toward Cabras Island she rounded to and stood southeastward toward the harbor, apparently not under good management. The Spanish cruiser showed concern by standing in after her."

The Spaniards were compelled to send the Terror aground to prevent her from sinking. It was found that three shells had struck her, killing and wounding many of her crew and effectually putting her out of action. The Infanta Isabel and another Spanish cruiser stayed under the protection of the batteries, refusing to answer Sigsbee's challenge to battle.

It is probable that every American naval officer will admit that Rear Admiral Charles Edgar Clark has had as varied a career of service as any man who ever trod the quarter deck. It seems likely—in fact, a search of the records shows nothing to the contrary—that Admiral Clark is the only sailor of the navy who ever fought North American Indians. The admiral's masterly sailing of the Oregon around the Horn, his magnificent handling of the same ship in the battle with the Spaniards off Santiago and divers other things which the old sailor has done well, have so made his latter service to shine that his early exploits, though bright enough in themselves, have been shadowed by contrast.

Precious few people know that when Clark was a youngster in the service he was thrown by force of the waves and circumstances into contact with warlike Indians of the northwest coast. Old settlers who dwell at the end of the Lewis and Clark trail will tell you to-day that Lieut. Clark in the trying situation of being surrounded by 400 savage reds, each one bent on taking his sailor scalp, conducted himself in a manner worthy of Carson, Bridger or any other of the old plainsmen, pathfinders and Indian fighters.

Early in July, 1868, Clark was the fifth officer in rank on board the old warship Suwanee, a battle-scarred veteran vessel of the civil war days. The Suwanee struck a storm off Vancouver Island and it was one of the worst storms that the supposedly gentle Pacific ever allowed itself to be stirred to. Everything that seaman-ship knew how to do was done to save the ship, but there are storms that laugh at seamanship.

At the end the Suwanee was on the rocks off the northern end of Vancouver Island. Most of the members

of the crew were saved. When the storm abated it was possible for a large part of the survivors to make their way to the mainland, but it was necessary to leave a contingent of the crew on Hope Island, where they were to await the return of boats for their relief.

Lieut. Clark was left in command of the camp on the island and of its 33 sailor occupants. The men left behind had precious little to eat. The sailor lives on the sea, but he does not take kindly to sea food. Clams, inferior oysters and fish of a kind less digestible than the sculpin formed the chief of their diet.

While the shipwrecked ones were doing their best to fight off famine 400 Indians, fully armed and ready for a massacre, appeared in sight of the camp. Lieut. Clark took part in the great battle of Mobile Bay, where he had torpedoes under him, Confederate war vessels all about him and Confederate batteries landward. He had shown that he knew what to do under such circumstances, but here he was confronted with something entirely new in the line of war problems. He proved equal to the savage occasion, however, and as the Indians swung around his camp in a circle to hem it in, he deployed his men so that they were sheltered from arrows and bullets and were prepared to hold off a horde of reds.

The Indians attacked the sailors and were met with the same kind of reception that they would have met if they were attacking time-tried plainsmen accustomed to every known method of the reds' warfare. The Suwanee's shipwrecked ones had little sleep for a day and two nights. They did not know at what hour during the darkness the Indians would close in on them, and so they lay awake with straining eyes, but with enough strength still in reserve, despite their shellfish diet, to fight gamely.

About an hour after sunrise one morning there was a commotion among the Indians. They were looking off toward the mainland. The commotion increased as the minutes went by and soon the whole band scuffled toward the north, where supposedly they had boats, for certain it is that a few hours later there was not a trace of a red to be found on the island. There was relief in sight for the shipwrecked ones, and it was a glimpse of the incoming boats that had sent the Indians on the back trail.

The trip of the Oregon from San Francisco to Key West under the command of Capt. Clark has an enduring place in American naval history. Illness overtook Capt.

Alexander H. McCormick, who was in command of the ship, and Capt. Clark succeeded him. It was an unexpected duty which devolved upon Clark, but he met it in a way that the world knows all about.

The Oregon arrived at Rio de Janeiro April 30, 1898, and it was there that the captain received a dispatch from Washington stating that war had existed between the United States and Spain since the twenty-first of the month. Capt. Clark mustered his crew and made the war announcement. The scene that followed was an inspiring one. Lieut. Eberle of the Oregon, in an article in the Century Magazine eight years ago, describes it thus:

"All hands were very anxious for news, and memorable were the cheers that greeted the news that war had been declared. In a few moments our band was on deck and between the rounds of cheers the strains of 'The Star-Spangled Banner' and 'Hail, Columbia' floated over the Brazilian fleet and the crowds that lined the wharves. The crew uncovered and stood at attention during the playing of the national anthem, and then followed more cheers and the inspiring battle cry, 'Remember the Maine!' a watchword often heard about the decks as the men turned to the coal barges and worked as they had never worked before. The intense heat and the long, trying working hours of those days and nights were borne without a murmur."

It was one of the Oregon's men who wrote: "We loved our captain and had such faith in him as a gentleman and a 'scraper' after our own hearts that we were ready for any kind of a fight with him as a leader."

Rear Admiral Charles Edgar Clark went upon the retired list of the navy at an age two years younger than by the requirements of the law an army officer must leave the ranks. Why the naval law sends the sailors into retirement while the soldiers of the same age are still on the fighting line no one knows.

His Star Role

A theatrical manager had a stock company at Los Angeles. Business was bad and no money coming in. He hadn't paid a salary for months and had managed to keep his company together by advertising in San Francisco and elsewhere, holding out all sorts of promises.

The actors came, stayed until all their own money was gone, and then left. The manager made shift to keep his thespians contented by taking them on little excursions about the city when they were not working. One day he announced: "This afternoon, ladies and gentlemen, we shall visit the insane asylum, a most interesting place."

They went out and were shown through. Seated under a tree in the garden was a man who, over and over again, was counting his fingers and muttering: "Eeny—meeny—miny—moe—eeny—meeny—miny—moe."

"Who is this?" asked the manager. "Found him in the street a few weeks ago. He sits there all day and does that. Harmless, but apparently quite insane. We are giving him the best of attention in the hope that his reason may be restored."

The manager looked at the counter closely: "Bless my soul!" said the manager. "It resembles my former leading man, Simpson."

The man kept counting his fingers. "Really," said the manager, "it is a most extraordinary resemblance." Meantime, the other actors and actresses and the attendant had gone on. "Tell me, my good fellow," said the manager, "are you not Simpson, the actor?"

"Cheese it!" said the man who was counting his fingers. "If they don't get onto me I can stay here all summer."—Saturday Evening Post.

DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION.

Quickly Cures Rheumatic Pains, Also Splendid System Builder.

Go to any good prescription druggist and get the following and mix them: If he does not have these ingredients he will get them from his wholesale house.

One ounce compound syrup of Sarsaparilla, and one ounce Toris compound. Add these to a half pint of first-class whiskey, and use a tablespoonful before each meal and at bed time. The bottle must be well shaken each time. This simple remedy is one of the most effective known. The restorative action will be felt after the first few doses.

KNEW THE WAYS OF WOMEN

Mean Trick of Ballantine That Probably Made Much Trouble for His Friend Blank.

Capt. J. F. Chase of Veteran City, Fla., was in Washington last month to register his forty-seventh airship patent. Capt. Chase is best known as the inventor of the hoop-skirt.

Discussing the hoop-skirt's remarkable success, Capt. Chase said to a reporter:

"The success was due to the skirt's strangeness. Women like strange things. By catering to women, by studying their taste a man can twist them around his finger."

The veteran officer smiled. "Ballantine," he said, "came in late to a song recital in Palm Beach, and there wasn't a vacant seat in the house."

"Ballantine noticed Mrs. Jerome Blank. Mrs. Jerome Blank, he knew, had a very handsome husband that she kept strict watch over—she didn't like him to associate with any of the fair sex."

"Ballantine, edging near to Mrs. Blank, who had an excellent seat, said in a loud voice to a friend:

"Who was that uncommonly pretty girl I saw Jerome Blank talking to on the pier?"

"In about four seconds Mrs. Blank was gone, and Ballantine was seated comfortably in her chair."

A CLOSE BOND.



Farmer's Wife—They were born the same day. Neighbor—Twins, in fact.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Dr. J. Cheney's Cure. We, the undersigned, have known Dr. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable to all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. W. D. KINNAM & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Dr. J. Cheney's Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Dr. J. Cheney's Cure for constipation.

Brought Their Relations.

Small Nettle, seeing some large insects on the back porch, asked what they were, and was told that they were ants. The next morning she discovered a number of small ants among the large ones, and exclaimed: "Oh, mamma, the ants have brought their little nieces with them to-day!"

The surest proof of being endowed with noble qualities is to be free from envy.—La Rochefoucault.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Atchison* in Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Last Resort.

"They're going to increase the tax on beer!" "Then we won't drink any." "And they're going to increase the tax on spirits." "Then we won't drink any." "And they're going to tax wine." "Then we won't drink any." "And they're going to tax inheritances!" "Then let's drink up our money!"

Dyola Is Far Superior.

To any dye I have ever used. It colors silk, cotton and wool as nicely as other dyes color either alone. That's what Mrs. Simmons writes us, and she knows. If you have any dyeing to do, use Dyola Dyes. 10c a package at your dealer's. Direction book and color card sent free by writing to Dyola, Burlington, Vt.

A man will coax his wife till she gives in, and is pleased with himself when he succeeds, but when the children coax her, and she yields, he is disgusted with her.—Atchison (Kan.) Globe.

Strong Winds and Sand Storms cause granulation of the eyelids. PETTIT'S EYE SALVE soothes and quickly relieves. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Happiness is increased, not by the enlargement of the possessions, but of the heart.—Ruskin.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER has no substitute. No other remedy is so effective for rheumatism, lumbago, stiff neck, neuralgia or cold of any sort. Put up in 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

Many a man suspects his neighbor as he suspects himself.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Procrastination is the thief of many a good time.

The Chelsea Standard.

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Wilkinson-Bailey building, Middle street east, Chelsea, Michigan.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

AN UNFAIR CAMPAIGN.

The campaign that is being waged against Hon. Chas. E. Townsend would be amusing if it were not so corrupt. "Interested parties" are supplying articles and paying for them to the various press associations ostensibly as news, but which in fact are false and misleading in the extreme. These articles are sent out in the form of "boiler plate" to country papers, being furnished to them free. Many of these papers accept them without reading, certainly without knowing the animus and objects which prompted them, and being anxious to furnish material for their papers run them and they are circulated among the people.

Vicious and corrupt influences take advantage of the opportunity to furnish the "free" material, that is, it is free to the publisher but someone pays for it, and every thoughtful man knows who "pays the freight," and it is not those who are interested in the good of the second district.

The opposition does not stop at deceiving the people through a deceived country press, but it is trying to create a disturbance and dissatisfaction among the people of our congressional district, and it has suddenly taken an active interest in our representative. Through a few of its henchmen it insists that he shall at this time declare himself out of the race for either senator or representative, but it is not a wise thing to do what one's enemies want you to do, when you know what that is.

The question of whether Mr. Townsend shall stand for re-nomination to the House is one for the people of this district alone, and they will not be fooled by any statements of outsiders. The vote on senator is simply advisory, and it is rumored that if Mr. Townsend should receive the endorsement of the people he would not be elected by the legislature.

The legislature is to elect the senator the same as it always has, but the people are going to be permitted to express their choice by ballot next year. Heretofore, only those on the inside, those who paid election expenses of members of the legislature and those who could afford to camp at Lansing at the time of the election of a senator, expressed their choice and gave advice. The only difference next year will be that all of the voters can advise. This being true, how will Mr. Townsend's attitude of asking for the endorsement of the people for senator at the same time he is a candidate for the House differ from the position taken by both our senators? Each one was an avowed and open candidate for the Senate and at the same time was running on the ticket for representative, and each was elected to the House at the time he was selected by the legislature for the Senate. In fact there is hardly an instance, even in states where the advisory vote on senate is permitted, where a man has been promoted from the House to the Senate where he was not at the same time a candidate for the House. Does the fact that the many express their choice instead of an especially interested few change the principle?

Why are the opposition interests so active in urging Mr. Townsend to withdraw his candidacy for either the House or Senate? The reason seems clear. If he were to withdraw from the senatorial race, he would do it to gratify the very men and interests which by their corrupt and unfair means have tried to deceive the people, and who do not look with favor upon any man not personally owned, who aspires to a seat in the United States Senate. Furthermore, if he were to pull out of the race for Senate he would be charged with cowardice or corruption, and thousands of his constituents in this district would be grieved and disappointed. This would weaken him as a candidate for the House, and the enemy would be hopeful of securing his elimination from Congress. If he were to announce himself as not a candidate for the House before the election of a United States senator, the fact would be heralded throughout the state for the purpose of showing that he had been repudiated by our district, and that he did not dare to run again.

Mr. Townsend's claim for senatorial honors is based on his record, and even his enemies will admit that he has tried to do his duty, and that his work has not been entirely fruitless. He has been elected to the Sixty-first Congress and important matters will

come before it in which he will take part to the full extent of his ability. If he were to announce himself as not a candidate for re-election he would have absolutely no influence in the Congress, and the opposition would use such influence as only they know how and have the effrontery to use it to discredit him. He will have to meet this opposition anyway, but there is a difference between the fighting qualities of a dead congressman and a live one.

PRESIDENT TAFT has been so busy on his trip that he has forgotten that the rest of us want a day off, and that the last Thursday in November is only two weeks away.

Mlle. Mero at Ann Arbor.

On Friday evening of this week, the second concert of the Choral Union and May Festival series will be given by Mlle. Yolanda Mero, the distinguished young Hungarian pianiste. It has been years since Hungary has produced any extraordinary musician so that the sudden coming forth of this young pianist has created great enthusiasm, as she has everywhere been recognized as one of the few great virtuosos which Hungary has produced.

It has been the aim of the concert management, to have appear on the concert series great artists, each representative of their particular field, and in presenting Mlle. Mero to the public, it is believed that the patrons will have a opportunity to listen to one who is bound to be recognized as one of the greatest representatives of pianistic art.

Record-Smashing Stock Show at Hand.

Once more the International Live Stock Exposition, which will be held in Chicago from November 27 to December 10, has accomplished the seemingly impossible by again showing a most phenomenal increase in entries. Once more all past records have been demolished and once more we are brought to realize that interest is growing in this, the greatest of live stock shows—this leading exponent of the live stock industry—and that this great annual event is becoming more popular from year to year. Even though feeding operations have been exceedingly light during the past year, we still find an increased number of entries in the cattle department. The draft horse exhibit will be the greatest ever seen in this or any other country. Horses, whose lineage dates back into the dark ages, will be seen in the ring beside the most splendid specimens of the English and Scottish types, whose equals have never before been brought together in such numbers in the history of the show ring. The number of exhibitors in the sheep department exceeds that of any previous year, and in quality their exhibits will far surpass anything ever seen here in the past, as the entries show them to contain some of the choicest importations made to this country in recent years. In the swine department all the leading types will again be represented and the quality will be superior to that of any show ever seen on this continent. All these and many other features give promise of making the coming exposition the greatest in the history of this splendid series of events, and no one, be he ever so distantly connected with live stock—the right arm of our basic industry, agriculture—can afford to miss this exceptional opportunity for education, entertainment and a pleasure trip in nne.

Teaching the Blind.

An interesting entertainment, arranged by Miss Winifred Holt of New York, secretary of the New Association for the Blind, was a hippodrome. A program including swimming races, fancy diving, life-saving, butterfly dancing and all sorts of games, in which blind children took part, was arranged. Miss Helen Keller was very enthusiastic about the entertainment, which she said illustrated so well what a difference in courage and strength a well-developed body makes when a child is blind.

A Note on Hygiene.

Richard Croker was discussing, at a banquet in Washington, the American climate. "In the east," he said, "it is not as good, perhaps, as the climate of Europe; but it is good enough and healthy enough for any man, provided he remembers one rule." "And what rule is that, Mr. Croker?" asked a young statesman from Pennsylvania. "Stick to your flannels," was the reply. "Stick to your flannels—till they stick to you."

Won't Slight A Good Friend.

"If ever I need a cough medicine again I know what to get" declares Mrs. A. L. Alley of Beals, Me. "for, after using ten bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, and seeing its excellent results in my own family and others, I am convinced it is the best medicine made for coughs, colds and lung trouble." Every one who tries it feels just that way. Relief is felt at once and its quick cure surprises you. For bronchitis, asthma, croup, hemorrhage, lagrippe, sore throat, pain in chest or lungs its supreme, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by L. T. Freeman Co. and Henry H. Penn Co.

PERSONAL MENTION.

James Speer was in Jackson Tuesday.

Alva Steger, of Detroit, was home over Sunday.

H. L. Wood was in Detroit Tuesday and Wednesday.

Fred Wagner, of Milan, was in Chelsea Monday.

Miss Mary Haab visited Dexter relatives Sunday.

Roy Dillon and family were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Richard Wheeler, of Albion, was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Mrs. Ellsworth, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Lighthall were Munith visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Riley were Adrian visitors Sunday.

D. A. Rowe, of Battle Creek, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Michael Rafferty, of Albion, was a Chelsea visitor Saturday.

Misses Mayme and Lucile McKernan spent Sunday in Pinckney.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Lehman were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fletcher are spending this week in Lima.

Miss Bertha Grieb spent Sunday with her mother in Freedom.

George Bockres, of Albion, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Miss Hazel Speer was a Detroit visitor Saturday and Sunday.

M. D. Raymond, of Grass Lake, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Ralph Pierce is visiting relatives in Kalamazoo this week.

M. and Mrs. E. Farmer, of Pontiac, were Chelsea visitors Tuesday.

George Speer, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his parents here.

Mrs. L. Babcock spent several days of the past week in Ypsilanti.

Theo. Weber, of Albion, spent Sunday with his parents in Sylvan.

LaMont BeGole, of Detroit, was the guest of his father here Sunday.

Herbert Moore, of Petoskey, is the guest of relatives here this week.

Miss Lou Wilson, of Ann Arbor, spent Saturday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hathaway visited their brother in Sylvan Sunday.

S. M. Rafferty, of Albion, called on his brother, J. J. Rafferty Saturday.

Albert Lehman, of Colorado, is the guest of his parents here this week.

Mrs. E. E. Gallup, of Adrian, was the guest of Chelsea friends Sunday.

Miss Florence Heeselschwerdt was in Ann Arbor last Thursday evening.

Mrs. G. Hutzel spent Sunday in Ann Arbor with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Rankin and daughter, of Ann Arbor, spent Tuesday in Chelsea.

Lloyd Lighthall, of Adrian, is spending some time with Hiram Lighthall.

Miss Frances Goodyear and Miss Lancaster spent Saturday in Ann Arbor.

Dr. Holmes had a call Sunday from his brother A. H. Holmes of Ann Arbor.

Miss Helen Mohrlock, of Lyndon, was the guest of Detroit relatives Sunday.

Mrs. H. Heeselschwerdt and daughter Josephine were Jackson visitors Friday.

Miss Anna Mast, of Jackson, spent Saturday and Sunday with her mother of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. BeGole, of Ann Arbor, were guests of Chelsea relatives Sunday.

Mrs. Adam Eppler and George Wagner were guests of Jackson relatives Tuesday.

Geo. H. Mitchell, who is employed in Chicago, is spending this week at his home here.

Elmer Hammond, of Detroit, called on relatives and friends in Chelsea last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster and daughter visited relatives in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Jones, of Jackson, were guests at the home of George Beeman Sunday.

Mrs. E. K. Stimson was the guest of friends in Ann Arbor several days of the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Love, of Jackson, were guests at the home of Wm. Atkinson Sunday.

Miss Charlotte Steinbach is in Jackson where she will spend some time visiting with friends.

John Dwyer and Arthur Schulte, of Detroit, visited with relatives and friends here Sunday.

Misses Gladys and Eunice Clark, of Dexter, were guests at the home of Jacob Hummel Sunday.

Mrs. J. J. Rafferty and daughter Mabel were in Albion the first of the week where they attended the funeral of a relative.

Mrs. William Bacon was called to Ferris Tuesday by the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. Alice Hare.

Rev. S. D. Wellwood, wife and daughter, of Grass Lake, spent Monday at the Methodist parsonage.

Misses Eppie and Vera Breitenbach, of Jackson, visited with their sister, Mrs. A. L. Steger, Sunday.

Mrs. A. C. Fraer and daughter Lois, of Napoleon, are spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Beckwith.

Mrs. C. Bender and daughter, of Jackson, visited her parents in Lyndon several days of the past week.

Mrs. J. B. Bailey and Miss Nellie Chapman, of Lowell, Ind., spent Saturday and Sunday with Rev. and Mrs. Idle.

Mrs. Wm. Freer and son, of Jackson, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Freer the first of the week.

A. C. Pierce who has been spending some time in Minnesota, returned to his Chelsea home the first of the week.

Arthur Hund, Miss Julia Endriss, Cora Hund and Alice Darbe, of Detroit, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Freeman.

Mrs. Hiram Lighthall attended the convention of the Jackson County Eastern Star Association at Norvell Tuesday. From there she went to Manchester, where she will spend several days.

Rev. Elmer Dewey and wife were guests at the home of Rev. Dunnington, Monday and Tuesday. Mr. Dewey is assistant pastor of the North Woodward M. E. church Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Hook, Miss Selma Binder, Warren Slack, Miss Helen Thompson, of Detroit, and Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Hook, of Manchester, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Kautleher Sunday.

Mosquito Coast.

The Mosquito coast is a strip of territory lying on the east coast of Nicaragua. It was discovered by Columbus in 1502, and was claimed by Spain, although it was never conquered by that country. During the seventeenth century the Mosquito coast was the headquarters of the buccaners, and in 1650 became subject to Great Britain with non-fulfillment of the Bulwer-Clayton treaty between the United States and Great Britain, these two nations agreed not to occupy or fortify or colonize or assume or exercise any dominion over any part of Central America. In 1855 the United States charged Great Britain with non-fulfillment of the treaty, and in 1859 the English agreed with certain reservations, to cede the territory to Honduras. Nicaragua now claims the sovereignty of this territory. The Mosquitos, who now number only about 10,000, were at one time able to muster an army of 49,000 men.

How Evans Got to Annapolis.

Admiral Evans tells the story of how he happened to be appointed as a cadet to the naval academy at Annapolis from Utah when his native state was Virginia. "William H. Hooper, the first territorial delegate to congress from Utah, was a great friend of my family," he said. "One day he asked me if I did not want to be an officer in the navy. I told him: 'You bet I do.' He then explained that there was an appointment to be made from Utah and said that if I was only a resident of Utah I could get the appointment. As soon as I could get my hat and catch a train I was on my way to Salt Lake City, and I got the appointment. I was the first cadet to be appointed from that territory."

Subscribe for the Standard and get all the news.



JIMMY CONROY
With John W. Vogel's Big City Minstrels.

Notice to Hunters.
No hunting, trapping or trespassing for the purpose of hunting or trapping will be allowed on our farms.

Fred Winkelman William Wheeler
Chris McGuire Edward Staphish
Mrs. Clara Staphish Theodore Buehler
Henry Messner Lewis Staphish
Eugene McKernan A. B. Skinner
Edward Doll Peter Winkner
Lewis Ernst John Doll
Charles Johnson John Bros.
Theo. Mohrlock Charles Staphish
William Marshall Herschel Watts
Lewis Hindelang

Suits and Overcoats

For Men, Young Men and Boys

This Store is ready to supply your Clothing wants to your every satisfaction.



OUR OVERCOATS are in all the new materials and styles. See our new "Auto Convertible Collar" Coat, \$12.00 to \$25.00.

OUR SUITS show all the best style conceptions in weaves, colorings and patterns, and the prices are those that you can afford to pay. Let us show you.

"PURITAN" SPECIAL HATS, absolutely the best for the money, in all colors and shapes that are right.

NEW NECKWEAR in all the new Persian effects, bias stripes and plain colors. Best line in town at 50c.

GLOVES—We are selling more gloves than ever. Why? Because we give better value, from our 5c canvas gloves to our finest gloves at \$2.

Men's Underwear

Our assortment includes all styles and fabrics. All at the value-giving prices.

Two-piece Suits, \$1 to \$4. Union Suits, \$1 to \$4.

Women's Cloaks

A large and pleasing variety of finely tailored coats in full length, made of black Broadcloth and new mixtures, at

\$12.50 to \$25.00

We sell the well known "Printzes" Coats.

Fur Coats

Fur Coats are shown here in an unusual assortment. Skins are superbly marked, and coats lined with best quality satin.

Children's Coats

Special on Children's Coats, no two alike, many of these sample coats, made up especially good. Some marked at about ONE-HALF price.

Dress Skirt Special

To clean up all odd skirts we have marked them down to a price that will sell them quick.

50 Skirts, regular price \$5 to \$7.50, at \$2.98
75 Skirts, regular price \$7.50 to \$10, at \$5.00

Specials FOR Saturday

Cotton Blankets

Extra Heavy Cotton Blankets, full 12-4 size, gray and white, regular \$1.50 quality, Saturday only, \$1.19.

Silk Ribbon

Wide all silk Ribbons, nearly all colors, regular 35 cent and 39 cent quality. Saturday only, 25c yard.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY

RECORD BREAKING SALE

In Merchandising

The values offered in these specials are positively unmatched elsewhere. Every article is strictly dependable, a fact on which we are staking the reputation of this store for goods of quality. The special prices are made possible through fortunate purchases in large quantity ahead of an advancing market, and offers you a splendid opportunity to secure reasonable merchandise at less than wholesale prices. Don't hesitate; don't delay. All classes of merchandise is steadily advancing and, when present supply is exhausted it will be impossible to duplicate any special items quoted at these prices. Of course we cannot call your attention to all of the remarkable values we have to offer, but a visit to our store will convince you that the claims we make are not simply claims but assured facts.

This store has been completely rearranged. Three large floors devoted to the retailing of everything in ready-to-wear garments for men, women and children, dry goods, house furnishings, chinaware, glassware, groceries, and bazaar goods. In remodeling we have had in view not only the general appearance of our store and the more economical modern methods of displaying and handling merchandise, but also the comfort of our customers in shopping. Every comfort and convenience this store has is at your disposal, whether a customer or not. We want you to feel at home here at all times. This Store of Quality stands for even better merchandise, better values, and larger stocks from which to make selections than ever before. Quality and price we always bear in mind, and stand behind the goods we sell.

A Dollar's Worth for Every Dollar or Every Dollar Back.

Bed Spreads

In all grades. Every one big values. Looking at our stock will convince you that this is the place to buy spreads. Two lots of fifty each go into this sale at

98 Cents and \$1.50.

Take a look at them.

Blankets

For Fall and Winter

Cotton and woolen, all sizes, all colors. Large stock enables you to make a good selection.

Good quality cotton blanket 60c

Axminster Rugs

Standard Size, - - - **\$2.00**

Newest patterns and colorings. Regular \$2.50 quality.

Great Values in Carpets

An excellent line from the largest and most reliable manufacturers in the country. All wool Ingrain Carpets priced as low as

50 Cents

Towels

For your every need, but we are letting out one lot just now that will surprise you. Large size, homespun, linen, absorbent, at

15 Cents.

Linen Crash.

All Linen Brown Crash at

63-4 Cents.

Why pay 10 cents for Crash of inferior quality?

All Linen Bleached Crash at

10 Cents.

Worth 14 cents.

Unparalleled Umbrella Offer

Sizes 26 and 28 inches, assorted silver, bronze, oxidized and wood handles; steel rod and steel frames; with a good, strong, satin finished cover.

45 Cents

Work Shirts and Overalls.

39 Cents.

Regular 50 cent quality.

Pearl Buttons.

And here's another. Real Genuine Pearl Buttons, (not imitation) at

1 Cent Card of a Dozen.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's New Coats



Right up to the minute styles. It is to your advantage to see them before purchasing. Style is shown in every line and detail of these beautiful and fashionable tailored coats. We especially pride ourselves on our line of Ladies' Coats, valued at \$12.00, \$16.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00.

This Handsome Coat \$12.00.

Black only, this coat is fashioned along the finest lines, satin lined throughout, material soft smooth finished cheviot.

Dress Goods

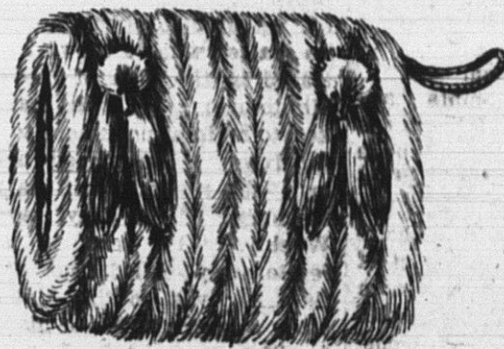
At Special Prices

Beautiful dress fabrics bought direct from the mills representing the latest perfection of the weavers art for suits and skirts, Panamas, Serges, Mohairs, Henriettas, Broadcloths and Cheviots.

See the fine line of dependable all wool suitings at 50 cents. Worsteds Plaids especially suitable for children's dresses at 19 to 35 cents.

See the new wash fabric, Shantung Anglaise silk and linen the latest novelty out and very popular, wears like iron, when you see the goods you will hardly believe the price is but 48 cents. Of course this is not the regular price. Colors, Blue, Green, Copenhagen, Leather, Grey, Mulberry, Mahogany.

Beautiful Furs



Nothing adds more to a woman's winter attire than pretty furs. You will find much to interest you in the line we are showing. You will find neck pieces, muffs and sets in all the latest shapes.

Mink sets from \$10.00 to \$50.00.
Black Coney Scarfs \$2.00 to \$3.50.
Black Coney Muffs \$2.50 to \$5.00.
Black Hare Scarfs and Muffs at very attractive prices. Children's sets at from \$2.50 to \$8.00.
Ladies Russian Pony Coats at \$35.00, \$45.00 and \$50.00. We save you from \$5.00 to \$10.00 on a garment here.

5c and 10c Counter

Counters where your money goes a long ways. Save money by patronizing this department. In it you will find most remarkable values in articles of every day use. Not regular 5 to 10 cent articles but articles selling at other places at from 25 cents to 50 cents.

Grocery Bargains

Full Cream Cheese, 18c pound.
Caulnet Baking Powder, pound size, 19c. Half pound size, 10c.
Choice Lemons, 25c dozen
New Orleans Molasses, 60c quality, our price 40c



Pretty good isn't good enough for us. We set a new mark in clothing values. No matter where you buy your clothes it will pay you to see our offerings because you will be better able to judge—you will know what is what.

Suits and Overcoats tailored to a nicety and built of fabrics that will give satisfaction at prices which promise a substantial saving to you. Come and examine them. Pass judgment on the men's suits and overcoats priced at \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00 and \$18.00.

Children's suits priced at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and up to \$6.00.

Clothing at Half Price.

All broken lots men's and boys suits and overcoats will be closed out at Half Off regular price. Look at them on second floor.

Velvet Talcum Powder 5c Box.



Walk-Over Shoes for Men

At \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00. All the new shapes now in. A genuine pleasure to show them.

Queen Quality Shoes For Women

Stylish shoes for stylish dressers great values and swell production from one of the greatest of factories. Prices no higher than you must pay for shoes of inferior quality and style. Some exceptional values are found in this department, Ladies' Shoes at \$1.50 and \$2.00 that are stylish and will wear like iron.

Men's medium heavy good style box toe shoes, solid leather throughout, well worth \$2.00 our price \$1.50.

A large and complete assortment of men's dress and work shoes at \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

Boys' Shoes at \$1.35, \$1.65, \$1.90 and \$2.25. High Cut Shoes at from \$2.00 to \$4.00.

Children's Shoes made to wear. The strongest and most rugged children's shoes on the market today and we sell them at right prices. Every pair is sold under an absolute guarantee.

Sheetings.

Unbleached 4-4 sheeting, good quality, worth 8 cents, our price

6 Cents.

9-4 Unbleached Sheetting at

20 Cents.

9-4 Bleached Sheetting at

23 Cents.

Ribbons.

For all purposes. A rainbow of colors. Just now we offer the greatest values in all Silk Taffeta Ribbons at

10 Cents

ever offered in Chelsea. All widths from 22 to 100. Take a look at them.

Linen Table Damask.

Bleached and Unbleached Damask, very close even texture, good weight, full width and strictly all linen, regular 65 to 69 cent quality.

Special Price 50 Cents.

Men's Wool Socks

15 Cents

Colors gray and fawn. Regular 25 cent quality.

Men's Black Socks.

Big value in Men's Black Socks. Three pairs for

25 Cents.

These are much better quality than the regular 10 cent socks sold elsewhere.

Fashionable Neckwear.

A new line of up-to-date styles in Men's Neckwear at

19 Cents.

Our 25 cent to 50 cent lines are much more extensive than ordinarily carried in Chelsea. See them before buying.

Handkerchief Bargains

25 dozen in the lot. A fair 5 cent quality. We are going to let this lot go at

1 Cent Each.

Three Hummers.

Ladies Hose, Children's Hose and Men's Socks at

10 Cents.

These are not the ordinary 10 cent quality, but as good or better than hosiery for which you must pay 15 cents elsewhere.

W. P. Schenk & Co.
CHELSEA, - - MICHIGAN.

THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES.

YOU ARE NOT COMPELLED



But you ought to see our
our swell new

Suits and Overcoats.

It doesn't make any difference whether you need a new Suit or Overcoat or not. You surely want to keep abreast of the times. As a young man you want style knowledge.

Well, you'll find it here. It's free, too. Daily demonstrations of the newest ideas in style. So call and see what young men are wearing. The best dressed just received their new Suit and Overcoats from our store. You'll readily agree to that. If you need new clothes now, there's all the more reason why you should pay us a call.

You wouldn't buy a watch without inspecting two or three different watches. Would you? How about your clothes? Aren't they as important as your "time?"

Don't they help you to make the most of your time by giving you a good appearance all the time?

So again we say, call here and see what the young fellows are wearing.

DANCER BROTHERS.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR CO.

See us before you sell your Wheat or Rye.

We pay \$2.00 per barrel for first-class apples.

We are offering Bulk Salt at \$3 50 per ton.

If you contemplate building let us figure on your lumber bill.

We will do your Feed Grinding on short notice.

CHELSEA ELEVATOR COMPANY

Announcement

Interesting Facts About Banking

In each issue of this paper, we are going to discuss the interesting matters about banks in general and our institution in particular, which concern the practical, every-day sort of person in this community.

We will tell you something about the early stages of banking and the advances made; what elements make a strong bank; the bank's relation to the community; how a bank benefits the people; why you should have a connection with this bank.

These talks will be in a series of simple, straightforward explanations of banking. You will find them interesting and instructive. Read every one.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank.

LOCAL ITEMS.

James Geddes, sr., is reported as being ill.

Mrs. Geo. H. Mitchell is confined to her home by illness.

John F. Waltrous has rented his farm in Lima to Albert Icheldinger.

Born, on Thursday, November 11, 1909, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Webb, a son.

Charles Young, of Lyndon, has purchased of Mrs. Edith Lueck, the farm in Sylvan known as the Drake homestead.

George, the eldest son of Martin J. Wackenhut of this place, had the misfortune to break his right wrist last Thursday afternoon.

John B. Parker with a party of Detroit friends left Sunday for Baraga in the upper peninsula, where they will spend the deer hunting season.

John J. Raftrey & Sons on Tuesday received from Reno, Nevada, a fine pair of elk horns, which they will have mounted and placed in their store.

James Beasley, B. B. Turnbull and Floyd VanRiper left Sunday for Channing, Dickinson county, where they will camp during the deer hunting season.

The football game last Friday afternoon at Manchester, between the Chelsea high school and the Manchester high school teams resulted in a tie, the score being 5 to 5.

The ladies of the Baptist church will hold a fair and serve a supper in the town hall Wednesday, November 17. Supper will be served from 5 o'clock until all are served.

Andrew Hatley, who has been in Oregon for the last two years has returned to the home of his parents at Sylvan Center. He is slowly recovering from an attack of typhoid fever.

Herman Fletcher has received a check from the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co. for \$2,768 in payment for the loss sustained by him at the time that his residence was burned.

The annual parish banquet of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart will be held in St. Mary's hall on Thursday evening, November 25th. There will be good speakers and the usual program.

Deputy Game Warden Otto Rohn, of Ypsilanti, one day the past week made a complaint against Emory Grant for trapping before the law went into effect. The examination is being held today before Justice Wood.

The O. E. S. County Association will meet at the Masonic hall, Chelsea, on Friday, November 19th. A business session will be held in the afternoon and dinner will be served at 6 o'clock. The work will be exemplified in the evening.

Martin and Michael Merkel, of Sylvan, have purchased of W. J. Knapp his interest in the Knapp-Hindelang block on Main street, and the store on west Middle street owned by Mr. Knapp. Both buildings are occupied by F. H. Belser.

The Five Hundred Club entertained their husbands at the home of Mrs. L. T. Freeman Tuesday evening. This was the first gathering of the Club to which the men have been invited, and they were highly pleased by the evening's entertainment.

The forty hours adoration services will begin Sunday morning at 10:30 at the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, and close Tuesday evening. The pastor will be assisted by Rev. Frs. Marker, of Dearborn; Hayes, of Coldwater; Fisher, of Manchester, and Lynch, of St. Johns.

Dies for a proposed five-cent piece, bearing the head of George Washington, to take the place of the coin now in circulation, have been prepared by the engravers of the United States mint. If the government adopts this coin, it will be the first authorized circulation to bear the head of the first president of the republic.

A dividend of 4 per cent was recently paid by the Security Trust Co., trustee of bankrupt estate of F. P. Glazier, to the creditors who will probably receive about 2 per cent more. Inasmuch as the creditors can be counted on the fingers and are mostly Detroit bankers this item has little local interest except to emphasize the astute policy of the state officials, who closed the Chelsea Savings Bank. Mr. Glazier's creditors could have fared no worse and probably much better had they allowed him to run.

George Kantlehner left Sunday for West Branch where he will hunt deer.

Born, on Wednesday, November 3, to Mr. and Mrs. Ben Buss of Scio a son.

George Heschewerdt has sold his residence at Sylvan Center to Mrs. Edith Lueck.

A. E. Winans & Son have had several fine silent salesmen show cases placed in their jewelry store.

George Haist, of Lima, shipped a Black Top ram to parties in Eden, on Wednesday of this week.

Rev. G. A. Chittenden will occupy the pulpit of a Baptist church at Waynesfield, Ohio, next Sunday.

There will be a progressive pedro social at St. Mary's hall, Friday evening, November 12. Everybody is invited.

Mrs. Homer H. Boyd returned to her home at Sylvan Center, Tuesday, from a five weeks visit with relatives in the east.

The Chelsea high school and Jackson high school ball teams will play a game at Holmes' field on Saturday afternoon, November 13th.

Wm. Broesamle, who has been at the hospital in Ann Arbor taking treatment for a broken arm has returned to his home in Sylvan.

The L. O. T. M. M. will give a pedro party at Maccabee hall, Wednesday evening, November 17. The public is invited. Admission 10 cents.

A. G. Paist and Charles Kaercher, the local wagon makers, have commenced making up their line of bob sleighs for the winter trade.

The remains of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Carpenter of Jackson, was brought here for interment in Oak Grove cemetery Wednesday afternoon.

Chas. E. Stimson, who has been at Harper hospital in Detroit, taking medical treatment for several weeks past, returned to his Chelsea home Thursday of last week very much improved in health.

The primary school money, apportioned at the rate of \$1 per capita, was distributed Wednesday. Washtenaw county received the sum of \$11,527. The total amount of the apportionment was \$756,602.

E. A. Gorman, of Lyndon, was fortunate enough to draw 100 acres of land in the recent government lottery. The land is located in lower Cheyenne and Mr. Gorman will leave in the future to make improvements on the property.

There will be a teachers' institute at Manchester, Friday evening and Saturday, November 19 and 20. President L. H. Jones, of the State Normal College, will be present and deliver addresses on several different subjects.

The time of the year has arrived when all rural delivery patrons should keep a supply of stamps on hand and not make it necessary for their carrier to fish with cold fingers in the mail box for the pennies or other small change. Grant your carrier accommodation; it doesn't cost anything.

Rev. G. A. Chittenden, who has been pastor of the Baptist church here for some time, tendered his resignation to the society at a church meeting Saturday afternoon. Mr. Chittenden and his family have made many friends during their stay here, who wish them well in their new field of labor.

Congressman Charles E. Townsend has opened headquarters in Lansing, from which place the work will be carried on in his campaign for the nomination for the United States senatorship at the state primaries next fall. State Senator A. J. Utile is chairman of the committee in charge, and Paul King, clerk of the house of representatives, is secretary.

The remains of Mrs. L. L. Horn were brought to Manchester Tuesday for burial. Mrs. Horn will be remembered as Miss Nellie Boyle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Boyle of Sharon. The funeral was held at St. Mary's church, Manchester, Rev. Fr. Fisher officiating. She leaves a husband, a little girl besides her parents, brothers and sisters. Mrs. Horn resided at Flint the past two years.

Mrs. H. Pierce and Mrs. H. Vickers gave a canned fruit shower at the home of the latter Friday evening, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fletcher. About forty-five of the friends and neighbors were present. Games and music were the pastime of the evening, at the close of which ice cream and cake were served. It was a complete surprise to Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher, who had been invited in to spend the evening. All reported a good time.

Bert McClain is having a barn built on his premises on McKinley street.

There will be a regular meeting of the W. R. C. at their hall on Friday evening.

The Cytmore Club met at the home of Mrs. Geo. A. BeGole Tuesday afternoon of this week.

Wm. Kean, who has charge of the work on the new school house, spent Sunday at Bancroft.

The Farmers & Merchants Bank has added a new Burroughs adding machine to its office equipment.

The Dexter high school and Chelsea high school football teams will play a game of football at Holmes' field on Thursday afternoon, November 18th.

The new liquor law is causing all sorts of questions to be fired at Auditor General O. B. Fuller. A recent one came from Baraga county, a saloon man wanting to know if he can recover from the state for frozen "booze," not being allowed to enter his place of business to build a fire from Saturday night until Monday morning.

Church Circles.

ST. PAUL'S.
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.

Preaching services at 2 p. m. next Sunday (sun time.) Rev. G. Eisen of Rogers Corners will conduct the service. Sunday school at 3 o'clock.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.
Rev. Dunning Idle, Pastor.

Sunday, November 14th, '09. Subjects: Morning, "Prayer." Evening, "Open Windows." The weekly paayer service is held on Thursday evening at 7:15 o'clock.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

The Christian Science Society will meet in the G. A. R. hall at the usual hour next Sunday, November 14, Subject, "Mortals and Immortals." Golden text, "Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of life."

BAPTIST.

Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning. James B. Field of Jackson will conduct the service. Subject, "Fruits of the Spirit." Evening subject, "Remember." Sunday school at 11 o'clock. B. Y. P. U. at 6 p. m.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor. Bible training class Thursday at 7:15 p. m. Combined service Sunday at 10 a. m. "Why and What Shall We Read?" will be the sermon subject. Music by the chorus choir under the direction of Earle Moore of Ann Arbor. Evening service at 7 p. m. Subject, "The Black Plague, Impurity."

Cancer.

Cancer is generally on the increase. This fact being true in Michigan, together with the further fact, that cancer stands fourth as a leading cause of deaths in Michigan, the state department of health has issued a pamphlet on cancer advising early diagnosis of cancerous condition and immediate operation as the only permanent cure of this disease. The pamphlet declares that the reason operations do not remove cancers permanently in a greater number of cases is that such cases do not submit to operation soon enough, the majority of persons suffering from the diseases seeking surgical aid too late. With a view, therefore, to urging the general public to consult their family physicians at once upon the appearance of suspicious symptoms of cancer, in order that prompt diagnosis of a cancerous condition may be obtained and immediate operation, the pamphlet devotes considerable space to, "When to suspect cancer and what to do." It is hoped that men and women may thus be forewarned of suspicious cancerous growths, and may, upon the prompt advice of their family physician, be urged to seek surgical aid without delay. The chief message of the pamphlet is that the only permanent cure for cancer known at the present time is early surgical operation. Of especial interest to women in the early detection of uterine cancer and cancer of the breast, this pamphlet is designed to be placed in the hands of the women of the state, either through the family physician or through club interest in public health work. Copies of the cancer pamphlet may be obtained free from Secretary F. W. Shumway, M. D., of the department of health upon request.

Smashes All Records.

As an all-round laxative tonic and health-builder no other pills can compare with Dr. King's New Life Pills. They tone and regulate stomach, liver and kidneys, purify the blood, strengthen the nerves, cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, headache, jaundice, chills and malaria. Try them. 25c at L. T. Freeman Co. and Henry H. Fenn Co.

—“How long will they look well?”



That's the real point when you're buying clothes.

Don't be satisfied just because the suit looks well when you first try it on.

If a suit isn't pure wool, its style and its shape simply cannot last.

Clothcraft All-Wool Clothes

are pure wool. Each suit or overcoat carries a *Signed Guarantee* that it is all pure wool and that it will hold its style and shape. Clothcraft All-Wool Clothes sell at the same prices as part-wool clothes—\$10 to \$25.

NO OTHER line in America at these prices Guarantees you and protects you against disappointment.

And these are the handsomest, most stunning clothes in town. Look at them today—they are going fast.

Dancer Bros.



A Satisfactory Breakfast Makes a Better Day's Work. Begin the day right. Be cheerful and bright. A cup of MO-KA lightens the work of the day.

Mo-Ka Coffee

is put up in 1-lb. air-tight yellow packages, thus preserving its purity, aroma, strength and cleanliness.

20c. the Pound. Always the Same

Ask Your Dealer for MO-KA COFFEE.

It's In The Making

Whether Clothes Fit Well Or Not

That's Where We Excel

Poorly made clothes always look cheap, while those well made have an elegant appearance. The clothes we make are put together thoroughly. Let us make your new Suit and it will look better at the end of the season than do the ready-made affairs the first time they are put on.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR LINE OF GOODS

RAFTREY, - - The Tailor.

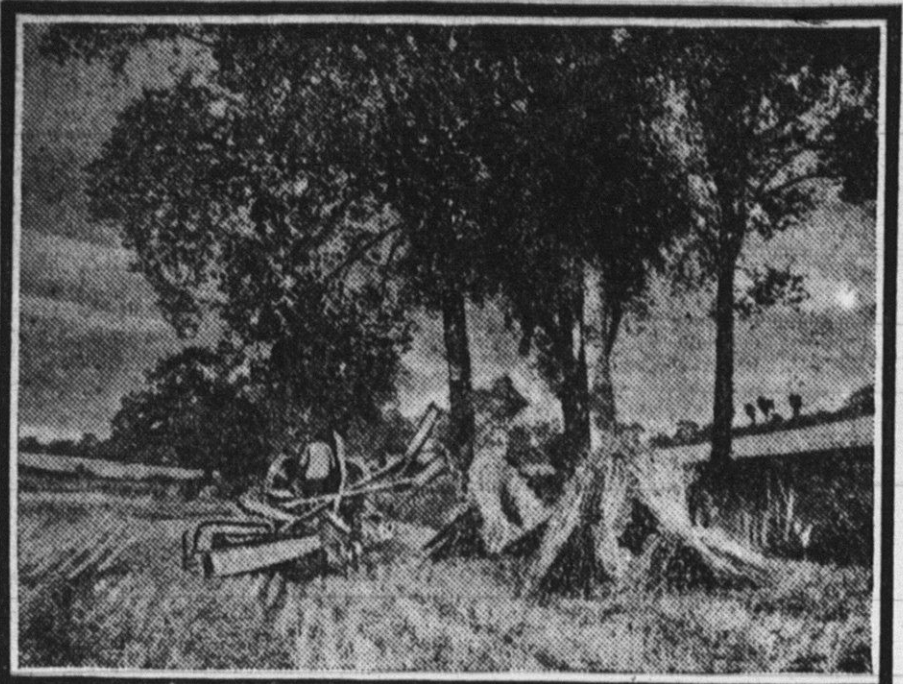
CASH PAID FOR CREAM

We have established a CREAM STATION at CHELSEA, and J. S. Cummings, our representative, will be on hand Wednesday of each week to receive and pay cash for cream.

You can bring your cream and see it weighed, sampled and tested, and receive your cash on the spot. What can be any fairer or more satisfactory?

AMERICAN FARM PRODUCTS CO. OWOSSO, MICHIGAN.

THE LATE ENGLISH HARVEST



THE HAPPY AUTUMN DAYS

WHAT one saw when going through England in the early days of September was harvest in full swing. Those were fortunate who were able to take advantage of the brief glimpses of sunshine and dry weather to house their crops. It is characteristic of the very dry season that the stalks have less strength than usual, and are, therefore, easily beaten down by the wind and rain, with little power of recovery left them. So long did they lie, in fact, that in many cases the weeds grew up through the corn and produced a matted tangle which no mechanical reaper could deal with. In consequence, therefore, the country was scoured for harvesters, casual laborers, men, village women, and even children were hastily engaged so that it has been common to see bands of sheavers at work exactly as they might have been seen 60 years ago. Many were hoping that September would bring some settled weather, and occasionally it has appeared as though blue skies and wind were to predominate, but the hope proved illusory. Clouds quickly drifted across the sky and torrents of rain fell upon the "kindly fruits of the earth." Harvest therefore, proved a tedious, difficult and costly business, and, unfortunately, the financial outlook is darkened at the same time. Before the corn was practically ripe it looked better than we had reason to expect, as the wet had produced an enormous growth of straw. If by any chance there had come a good period of sunshine it is possible that the ears would have filled well; but from the reports of those who have threshed a portion of their in-gathering it seems to be practically certain that the harvest will be light in grain. With the proof of this comes the intelligence of a serious drop in prices. Of course something of the kind had been expected and was discounted beforehand. During the late spring and early summer, when exceptionally high prices prevailed for wheat, the English farmer was only a looker-on at the game, and to some extent perhaps a sufferer. Yet the situation is not without its consoling features. The price is still good for September, and shows what to the grower must be a gratifying increase of price realized since last year. The movement that began with the century is, therefore, being carried steadily on. It is described in the agricultural statistics for 1908. Since the beginning of the century the price of wheat has shown a distinct tendency to a higher level than that which characterized the closing years of the last century.

Farmers will be well advised not to send their wheat to market at present, as prices are almost invariably at their lowest in September, and there is every reason for thinking that they will increase considerably. The long-talked-of effect which the extended use of motor cars is producing has now become perfectly visible. In the volume of statistics for 1908 there is a new table which sheds an interesting light upon this side of the problem. This is a list of the contract prices of hay and straw at Colney Hatch and Hanwell asylums in the years from 1893 to 1908; 1893 and 1894 were times of great scarcity, and accordingly we find extraordinarily high prices ruling. But in 1895 prices were resuming their normal. Last year and the year before we find that prices had fallen very considerably. It is the same with straw. In a year like the present, when straw is extremely abundant, this becomes a very serious consideration, and there would seem to be no getting out of the fact that in future years the value of fodder will continue to diminish. One sees the law working obviously enough in practice, especially in the neighborhood of London. There used to be men who made their livelihood by purchasing hay and other foodstuffs for the purpose of converting them into fodder for the bus and tramway horses of London. To a large extent these latter have ceased to exist, and their place has been taken by motors, which consume no corn, and thus tend to the impoverishment of the farmer. Another complaint frequently made about the motor is that it is causing a serious diminution in the supply of manure that used to be obtained from towns. Railway companies carried on the whole at very reasonable rates manure from stables and streets



SOMETHING WRONG

in town to the agricultural districts. The motor has already effected a great change in that respect and is continuing to do so. It gives back to the land nothing in the shape of manure, and thus indirectly tends to make cultivation a little more expensive than it used to be. In spite of all this, there is no reason to believe that agriculture is entering on a period of depression. On the contrary, it is emerging steadily from the dullness that has characterized it for more than a quarter of a century. The present disappointment arises only from the extravagant hopes raised in the early part of the year. The general record is one of steady improvement; but whether prices go up or down in a climate such as ours, an occasional bad season will always have to be reckoned with. The present year, taking it altogether, has been unfavorable to the cultivation of the soil. Yet it will be noticed that there are very few farms to let, and that land usually brings a satisfactory price in the market. For this we have to thank mainly that great crowd of wheat consumers which has arisen in the east and created a demand that the supply does no more than satisfy at present and that is continually growing. The sale of the farmer's produce, too, can be effected in a less expensive manner, thanks to the multiplications of auction marts, while the telegraph and telephone enable him to ascertain what demand there is before he delivers his goods for sale, so that much of the uncertainty that formerly prevailed is eliminated. Further, there is continuously going on an increase in the number of consumers and an improvement in the standard of living, two influences which in combination tend towards the yielding of a greater return by food products.

CHARLES H. COX.

TRAVELING SPEED OF BIRDS

Their Flight Now Known to Be Much Slower Than Has Been Generally Supposed.

A writer on birds says: "If you consult the usually accepted authorities on the speed of birds in their flight you are likely to be misled by an exaggeration of from 100 to 300 per cent. This is because figures have been given on hearsay, appearance and very superficial observation. But recently American, English and French observers have been comparing notes, and are practically agreed, after most careful calculation, on the speed of the best-known birds. They started with the carrier pigeon and have made him a base of comparison. He has heretofore been credited with 110 miles an hour, but it is now agreed that he is entitled to 50. A long distance, carefully conducted test of 592 miles, from the Shetland islands to London, showed that the most rapid pigeons made 37 miles an hour. On shorter distances none made more than 50 miles. Because frigate birds have been seen far from land, and have been supposed not to fly by night or to rest on the water, they have been credited with a speed of from 150 to 200 miles an hour. If they did fly at that speed they would have to overcome an atmospheric pressure of from 112 to 130 pounds to the square foot of flying surface. There is no certainty that they fly more rapidly than a passenger pigeon or that they do not fly at night or do not sleep on the water. The swallow that is indeed a rapid flyer, has been credited with 180 miles an hour, but he must be cut down to 65 miles, and the martin is five miles behind him, though authorities have placed him ten ahead."

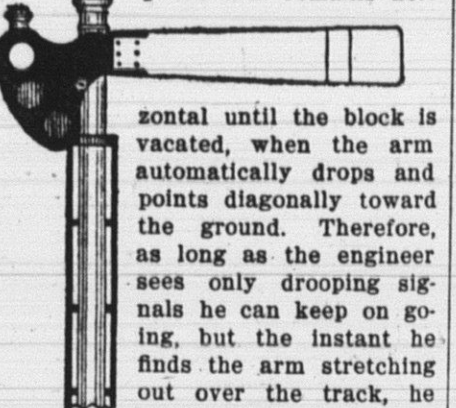
One Reason.
"Look at that team of horses trotting along so sedately. Why can't men and women get along as nicely in double harness?"
"Well, the men won't wear blinders. Must rubber at the other girls."
—Kansas City Journal.

HOW BLOCK SIGNALS WORK

Operation of Ingenious System That Insures the Safety of Railroad Passengers.

Comparatively few people know just what is meant by block signals when they read that a railroad has established the system on its lines. The block is a length of track which, on double track roads, has at its entrance a post and movable arm, and on single track lines one at each end. To say that a line has every inch protected by this system means that the entire line is divided into consecutive blocks. Only one line from Chicago to New York is thus protected, and of the total in the United States, one-third is on the Union and Southern Pacific.

The operation of the block system is simple but absolute. In a few words, it means that a train cannot move from one block into the next until the latter block is empty. As a train moves forward, the signal arm is set to show that the block just left may be entered by the next train following. When a train enters a block it so affects the energy that is a part of signaling that the semaphore arm remains horizontal until the block is vacated, when the arm automatically drops and points diagonally toward the ground. Therefore, as long as the engineer sees only drooping signals he can keep on going, but the instant he finds the arm stretching out over the track, he must come to a stop, knowing that that block is occupied by another train.



SOMETHING WRONG

The energy mentioned above is electricity, the current being obtained from a battery near each post. The rails of each block are made as if all of one piece by connecting the joints with wire. The extreme ends are then connected and thus a circuit is formed in which the current flows. When no train is in the block, the mechanism operated by the current pulls the arm down and holds it there. When a train enters the block the wheels and axles, combined with the rails, form a shorter circuit, the energy that held the arm down is withdrawn and up it swings to a horizontal position.

Each block is independent of all other blocks. When the last wheels of a train leave it, the current resumes its flow and the signal arm at the entrance is pulled down to the "proceed" position. But before the hind wheels have finished doing this, the front wheels of the locomotive have entered the next block and caused the arm there to rise to the "stop."

For a single track line the automatic arrangement is the same, but there is a signal at each end of the block. To prevent two trains on a single track line entering a block at the same time from opposite ends, before the entrance to a single track block is reached the train sets a stop signal at the far end of that block, and as it enters it sets the entrance signal to stop just as is done on double track. Half a mile or more before reaching the entrance signal of each block the engineer comes to what is called the "distant," which tells him how the other or "home" signal is set.

As the automatic signal is constructed, it cannot show "go ahead" unless the entire combination of rails, wire, current, magnet, etc., is working perfectly. If a wire parts, a rail breaks, a battery fails, a switch point opens the slightest, the combination fails and the released arm resumes the horizontal position. So, when the engineer sees the stop signal, he knows that there may be a train on the block, an open switch, or a broken rail or signaling apparatus.

At night colored lights are displayed on the same posts. The lamps will burn eight days without replenishing, but are refilled every four or five days. When the home signal is at stop, the engineer sees the flame through a red glass. The caution light on the distant is yellow. A green light means go ahead and is used on both the home and distant signals. Where two or more lines cross at grade the general plan of semaphore arms for day and colored light for night is the same, but owing to the complications all signals are controlled by levers operated by men from a central station. The crossing and contiguous tracks are governed by the interlocking system. When this is in perfect order and the crossing unoccupied, it displays "stop" to every track approaching the crossing. Any change must be made by the signalman, and to display "proceed" he must first lock all other approaches with the stop signal.

There are now about 11,000 miles of railway equipped with the block system. The only line thus protected every inch from Chicago to California is via the Northwestern, Union and Southern Pacific. One-third of the 11,000 miles of automatic signaling is on the Harriman lines—and the Northwestern has more miles of double track automatic than any other railway.

For the Hostess

Chat on Interesting Topics of Many Kinds, by a Recognized Authority

A Novel Shower.

A dozen girls who lived for years as neighborhood friends showered one of their number, who is to be a December bride, in this unusual manner: The hostess asked them all to meet at her house informally at two o'clock, the bride-elect was asked to come at three. In this way the hostess explained her scheme, which was as follows. She had material for each one to make the following articles: A dusting cap, three dusters, a broom bag, ironing board, laundry bag, kitchen apron, clothespin bag, roller towel and a case to wind linen dollies on. The entire cost was added and divided equally and then each article was wrapped in tissue paper, tied with ribbon and hidden throughout the rooms. When the honored guest arrived, they chatted awhile, then the hostess announced that a fairy godmother had confided to her that there were packages of value concealed within the portals of the room, to be discovered only by a bride-elect and to the tune of bridal music. Whereupon the hostess sat down to the piano and played wedding marches while the merry little bride hunted the hidden treasures, guided by the loud or soft tones on the piano. All the packages being discovered, they were opened and the girls all set to work on which ever piece they chose. They pronounced this a utility "shower," and it certainly was practical, for the guest of honor said her mind was so in the clouds that she had never even dreamed of the articles presented. Besides it was a jolly afternoon. Refreshments were English toasted muffins, orange marmalade, preserved ginger and delicious tea, brewed by the hostess.

The Golden Wedding.

A fiftieth anniversary to be celebrated this month is going to be a most beautiful affair. The invitations are lettered in gold engraving and ask you to arrive between the hours of eight and ten. The decorations throughout the rooms are to be in yellow, consisting of showers of gilt wedding bells, which are to swing from every chandelier and be suspended by yellow tulle and yellow satin ribbon over the heads of the couple where they will stand to receive congratulations. This corner is to be made a perfect bower of greens studded with yellow chrysanthemums. Brass candlesticks holding yellow candles are to stand on piano; mantel, bookcases, etc. The honored bride will carry a bouquet composed of 50 yellow roses, and the refreshments are to be orange ice, New York ice cream, sunshine cake iced with yellow, and the bonbons are to be wrapped in gilt paper. Gilt bell-shaped boxes are to be given as souvenirs, bearing the monogram of the happy pair. The November stone is the topaz, and it works up beautifully into seals, with handle of gold, into watch fobs and pins. I have seen all these articles and they will go as gifts to this wedding. As every one likes to give a toast and often people are not prepared, there are to be perfectly exquisite cards passed to each one to be read aloud after refreshments. These cards are done in gold lettering, with a mother of pearl motif worked out beautifully. The choicest gems of our best writers are found on these latest creations. I must admit they are only postcards, as the reverse side shows. For want of a better name I call them

"Sentiment" cards. After the guests have paid this pretty tribute the cards are to be collected and put in a box covered with cloth of gold and presented to the aged couple.

A Guessing Contest.

This clever little stunt was the finale at a shower given for a November bride. A table was brought into the room having on it a lot of things, each one representing a cake; cards were passed bearing the duplicate numbers of those on the articles. Great fun was had in the guessing. Here are some of the objects, and a hostess may enlarge the list as she desires: A sponge (sponge cake), a little toy hen for "layer cake," a chocolate lozenge (chocolate cake), two little Cupids (angel food), a picture of a bride in full wedding costume (wedding cake), a bit of gold and silver gauze or ribbon (gold and silver cake), etc. For prizes there were recipe books and several beautifully decorated cakes.

MADAME MERRI.

CARE OF THE TABLE LINEN

Best Quality Will Quickly Spoil If Not Handled in the Proper Manner.

The careful keeping of table linen will mean more toward a perfect table than perhaps the quality of the linen itself. The most exquisite table linen will look no better than the poorest quality if it be thrown into a too small drawer or closet.

Just a pair of tablecloths will go further if they are kept well flattened or, better still, rolled on a pasteboard or wooden roller than a dozen ill-kept ones. All centerpieces, if not rolled, should be spread flat, in a full-sized box or a linen-covered portfolio. The portfolio is a reliable addition to the dining room or pantry, and it may be made at home by covering two pieces of pasteboard with tan-colored linen or crash, hinging them together with coarse linen thread or with narrow ribbon strips an inch in length, so that the portfolio will hold more flat linen pieces. This, when filled, is tied together with ribbons and kept in a napkin drawer, where even the sudden rush for napkins can no longer wrinkle the embroidered linens.

LANCIE'S OF FASHION

Skeleton bodies are popular. There is quite a fad for opal matrix. The Japanese wash silks are lovelier than ever. Foliage colorings abound. Enormous black cherries are used on some of the hats. Coats for girls' suits are plain and almost straight. The latest Parisian novelty is the hand-tucked waist. Some of the standing collars are hemstitched around the top. Belts will match the skirts instead of the waists this season. Most of the new crepe blouses are inset with Irish crochet lace. Pretty little neck bows are made of colored open-work embroidery. Swiss embroidery, whether hand done or machine, gives excellent effects.

Fashion's Latest

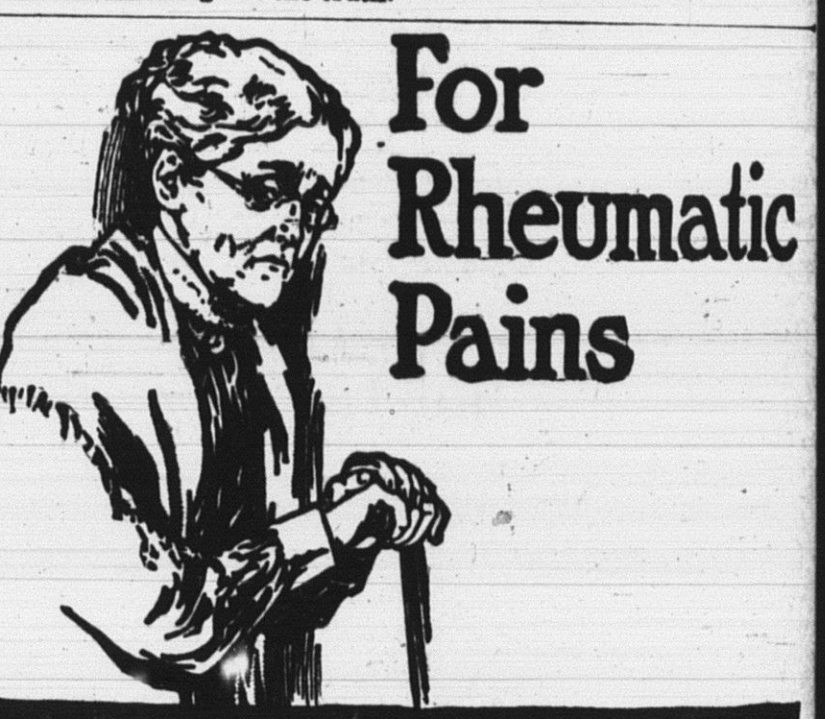


On the left is a house gown of Linden green satin with trimming of old gold velvet and gold buttons.
On the right is a reception gown of king's blue panne velvet, with trimming of Venetian point.

Women Who Suffer

from woman's ailments are invited to write to the names and addresses here given, for positive proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does cure female ills.

Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Alvina Spiering, 11 Langdon Street.
Lansley, Ind.—Mrs. May Fry.
Kinsley, Kans.—Mrs. Stella Gifford Beaman.
Scott, N.Y.—Mrs. S. J. Barber.
Concordville, N.Y.—Mrs. Wm. Boughn.
Cincinnati, O.—Mrs. W. K. Housh, 7 Eastview Av.
Milwaukee, Wis.—Mrs. Emma Lase, 683 1st St., German.
Change of Life.
South Bend, Ind.—Mrs. Fred Cartia, 1014 S. Lafayette Street.
Toledo, Kans.—Mrs. Lizzie Holland.
Brookfield, Mo.—Mrs. Sarah Lousignout, 307 S. Market St.
Paterson, N.J.—Mrs. Wm. Somerville, 135 Hamburg Avenue.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. K. E. Garrett, 2407 Kewaskum, Wis.—Mrs. Carl Dahke.
Maternity Troubles.
Worcester, Mass.—Mrs. Doyira Coté, 117 E. Pratt Street.
Big Run, Pa.—Mrs. E. E. Pooler.
Atwater Station, O.—Mrs. Anton Muelhaupt.
Cincinnati, Ohio.—Mrs. E. H. Maddocks, 2135 E. Main Street.
Mogadore, Ohio.—Mrs. Lee Mangos, Box 131.
Dewittville, N.Y.—Mrs. A. A. Giles.
Johnstown, N.Y.—Mrs. Homer N. Seaman, 108 E. Main Street.
Burtonville, Ill.—Mrs. Peter Langenhahn.
Avoid Operations.
Hampstead, Md.—Mrs. Jos. H. Dandy.
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Lewiston, Maine.—Mrs. Henry Cloutier, 68 Oxford Street.
Minneapolis, Minn.—Mrs. John G. Moldan, 218 Second Street, N.
Shamrock, Mo.—Mrs. Josie Ham, R.F.D. No. 1.
Marion, N.J.—Mrs. Geo. Jordy, Route No. 3, Box 40.
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Ocala, Fla.—Mrs. A. Crilly.
Pendleton, Ind.—Mrs. May Marshall, R.R. 44.
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Painful Periods.
Goshen, Ala.—Mrs. W. T. Dalton, Route No. 1.
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Wm. Tully, 460 Ogden Av.
Farming, Mich.—Mrs. Burt Loya, R.F.D. No. 1, care of D. A. Searles.
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Cincinnati, Ohio.—Mrs. Flora Ahl, 1262 Broad Street.
Cleveland, Ohio.—Miss Lizzie Stager, 418 West Avenue, S.E.
Westerville, Pa.—Mrs. Maggie Ester, R.F.D. 1.
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Herrin, Ill.—Mrs. Chas. Follad.
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Sykes, Tenn.—Miss Louie Jung, 230 Chestnut St.
Detroit, Mich.—Mrs. S. L. H. Joraleid, 608 N. Tenth Street.
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Christiana, Tenn.—Mrs. Mary Wood, R.F.D. No. 3.
Poco, Texas.—Mrs. Ada Young Egerton.
Granville, Vt.—Mrs. Chas. Barclay, R.F.D. 1.
These women are only a few of thousands of living witnesses of the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. Not one of these women ever received compensation in any form for the use of their names in this advertisement—but are willing that we should refer to them because of the good they may do other suffering women to prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a reliable and honest medicine, and that the statements made in our advertisements regarding its merit are the truth and nothing but the truth.



As we get older the blood becomes sluggish, the muscles and joints stiffen and aches and pains take hold easier. Sloan's Liniment quickens the blood, limbers up the muscles and joints and stops any pain or ache with astonishing promptness.

Proof that it is Best for Rheumatism.
Mrs. DANIEL H. DIEHL, of Mann's Choice, R.F.D. No. 1, Pa., writes: "Please send me a bottle of Sloan's Liniment for rheumatism and stiff joints. It is the best remedy I ever knew for I can't do without it."

Also for Stiff Joints.
Mr. MILTON WHEELER, 2100 Morris Ave., Birmingham, Ala., writes: "I am glad to say that Sloan's Liniment has done me more good for stiff joints than anything I have ever tried."

Sloan's Liniment

is the quickest and best remedy for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises and Insect Stings.
Price 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 at All Dealers.
Send for Sloan's Free Book on Horses. Address
DR. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL

THE OIL THAT PENETRATES
GREAT FOR PAIN

Children's Coughs

Cause the Little Ones Much Unnecessary Suffering
PISO'S CURE
THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS
Give instant relief—mothers and babies like it—keeps the child healthy and prevents more serious illness. Children like it so pleasant to take and does not upset the stomach.
All Druggists, 25 cents.

Millions Say So

When millions of people use for years a medicine it proves its merit. People who know CASCARET's value buy over a million boxes a month. It's the biggest seller because it is the best bowel and liver medicine ever made. No matter what you're using, just try CASCARET's once—you'll see.
CASCARET's is a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

